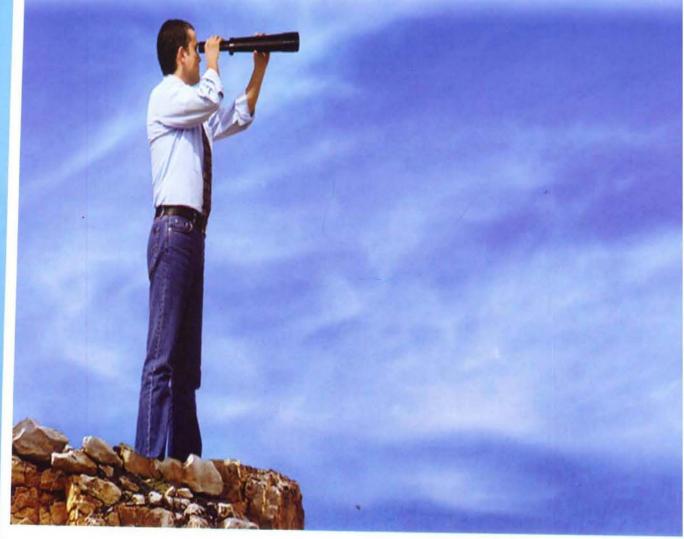


MISSION STATEMENT

As a leading & diversified media company, our mission is to set new standards of customer satisfaction by gaining the higher market share and at the same time fulfilling our obligations towards our employees, vendors, investors and most important our readers and viewers



VISION STATEMENT



To be a dynamic and liberal media company with the aim to inform and entertain our target market, keeping in view the truth and authenticity element

Media Times Limited

Company Information

Board of Directors	Aamna Taseer (Chairman) Shehryar Ali Taseer (CEO) Shahbaz Ali Taseer Rema Husain Qureshi Ayesha Tammy Haq Mubariz Ahmad Siddiqui Mohammad Mikail Khan	Non-Executive Executive Non-Executive Non-Executive Independent Independent
Chief Financial Officer	Mohammad Waheed Asghar	
Audit Committee	Mubariz Ahmad Siddiqui (Chairman) Ayesha Tammy Haq (Member) Mohammad Mikail Khan (Member)	
Human Resource and Remuneration (HR&R) Committee	Mohammad Mikail Khan (Chairman) Shehryar Ali Taseer (Member) Shahbaz Ali Taseer (Member)	
Company Secretary	Shahzad Jawahar	
Auditors	M/s Grant Thornton Anjum Rehman, Chartered Accountants	
Legal Advisers	Muhammad Akbar Haroon	
Bankers	Allied Bank Limited Bank Alfalah Limited Faysal Bank Limited Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited	
Registrar and Shares Transfer Office	Corplink (Pvt.) Limited Wings Arcade, 1-K Commercial Model Town, Lahore Tele: + 92-42-5839182	
Registered Office	2 nd Floor, Pace Shopping Mall Fortress Stadium, Lahore Cantt Lahore, Pakistan □ (042)-36623005/6/8 Fax: (042) 36623121, 36623122	

Media Times Limited

NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Notice is hereby given that 20th Annual General Meeting of the shareholders of Media Times Limited ("the Company" or "MTL") will be held on Wednesday, 28 October 2020 at 11:00 a.m. at the Registered Office of the Company, 2nd Floor, Pace Shopping Mall, Fortress Stadium, Cantt., Lahore to transact the following business:

Ordinary business

- 1. To confirm the minutes of Extraordinary General Meeting held on 29 June 2020;
- 2. To receive, consider and to adopt the audited financial statements of the Company for the financial year ended 30 June 2020 together with the Chairman's Review, Directors' and Auditors' reports thereon; and
- 3. To appoint the Auditors of the Company for the year ending 30 June 2021 and to fix their remuneration.

Special business;

 In order to operate the both existing Satellite TV Channels through two different wholly owned subsidiaries, it is proposed to pass the following resolutions, with or without modifications, in accordance with sub section (3) of the section 183 of the Companies Act,2017;

"RESOLVED THAT Chief Executive Officer of Media Times Limited ("the Company" or "MTL") is authorized to take all necessary steps and actions to operate existing Satellite TV Channels namely "Business Plus" and "Ziaqa" (previously KIDS Channel –Wikkid Plus'), through two different wholly owned subsidiaries"

"RESOLVED FURTHER THAT Chief Executive Officer, be and is hereby authorized to complete all necessary corporate, regulatory and legal formalities for the purpose of operating the existing Satellite TV Channels through two different wholly owned subsidiaries, including but not limited to set up of wholly owned subsidiaries, transfer of satellite TV licenses therein and investment therein, on such terms and conditions as approved by the Board of Directors of the Company.

"RESOLVED FURTHER THAT Chief Executive Officer is also authorized to take all necessary steps and actions, ancillary and incidental to the set up of two different wholly owned subsidiaries, to operate Satellite TV Channels including obtaining necessary regulatory approvals for transfer of licenses to wholly owned subsidiaries, including but not limited to Pakistan Electronic Media Regulatory Authority ("PEMRA") etc." Further, Chief Executive Officer of the Company may delegate his powers to any other office bearer of the Company to whom he may deems appropriate".

Registered Office: 41-N, Industrial Area, Guiberg II, Lahore. Tel: (042) 38102921-3, 25 Fax: (042) 35710473 Head Office: 2nd & 3rd Floor, Pace Shopping Mall Fortress Stadium, Lahore, Pakistan Tel: +92-42-36623005-6-8 Fax: +92-42-36623121-22

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Media Times Limited

5. To make necessary amendment in the sub clause 1 and 04 of the object clause III of the Memorandum of Association of the Company to allow the Company to carry on the principal line of business through its wholly owned subsidiaries of the Company i.e. to operate the both Satellite TV Channels through two different wholly owned subsidiaries. In this regard it is proposed to pass the following special resolutions, with or without modifications, in accordance with section 26,27 & 32 of the Companies Act, 2017;

"**RESOLVED THAT** the sub clause 1 and 04 of the object clause III of the Memorandum of Association of the Company be replaced by adopting the following new sub clause 1 and 04 of the object clause III, accordingly

- 1. To carry on, either directly or through subsidiary, the business of advertisement, production of films, show programmers, clips, design for radio media, T.V. broadcast, relay transmission, scripting, dubbing and editing of materials of films, video recording, playback frequency, transmission receiving and multiplication for commercial viewing, designing, installation, commissioning, managing and maintenance of media generation, studio facilities, operations in electronic media network, broad dispersement for multilinked viewing of client / customers subject to any permission required under the law. The Company shall not start this business without the prior permission / license from Pakistan Electronic Media Regulation Authority "PEMRA".
- 4. To carry on, either directly or through subsidiary, the business of television broadcasting by setting up local television stations in various cities of Pakistan. The prime objects of this business shall include but not limited to the following; provided always the Company shall not start this business without prior permission / license from Pakistan Electronic Media Regulation Authority "PEMRA":
 - a) To broadcast television programmes for public information / education / entertainment, for this locality of transmission.
 - b) To give coverage to local sports events, pertaining to educational institutions, professional games, events, national / local tournaments for encouragement of new talent, promotion of games for a healthy society.
 - c) To project complete neutrality and total refrainment from any anti Government information or programme.
 - d) To carry on the business of video rental library arrangement with distraction network nationally and internationally for the provision of technical educational and entertaining films, records, print-matter, audio-video cassettes for sale and rent.

Media Times Limited

- e) To carry on the business of production, supply and relay of educational, religious, entertainment, social and current affairs, national topics records, films for libraries, universities, schools, colleges and institutions. In-house production unit for T.V., radio and video production.
- f) To take positive practical steps towards the enlightenment of citizens of the locality, with reference to Islamic Nationalism of Pakistan and to counteract the influence of foreign medial penetrating the society through satellite / video transmission.
- g) To make a comparable effort like other developed countries, for preparing the public for entering the 21st century and to foresee the realities of changing international environment in future.
- h) To remain under total guideline of Government policies regarding programmes related to current affairs and public information.
- i) To observe all codes of decency, morality and ethics as directed by Government in "FILM CENSOR CODE" and reflected in constitution of Pakistan.

"RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Chief Executive Officer of the Company be and is hereby authorized to do all acts, deed and things, take all steps and action necessary, ancillary and incidental to set up of two different wholly owned subsidiaries, to operate Satellite TV Channels and for this purpose altering the Memorandum of Association of the Company including filing of all requisite documents/statutory forms/applications etc., as may be required to be filed with the Registrar of Companies, Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan ("SECP") and complying with all other regulatory requirements so as to effectuate the alterations in the Memorandum of Association and implementing the aforesaid resolutions. Further, Chief Executive Officer of the Company may delegate his powers to any other office bearer of the Company to whom he may deems appropriate".

06 To make necessary amendments in the Memorandum of Association ("MOA") of the Company through addition of sub clause 84 in the object clause III of the MOA to allow the Company to engage in Real Estate activities including acquisition of immovable properties, development and sale of Real Estate projects either directly or through Joint Ventures;

"RESOLVED THAT the following new sub clause 84 in the object clause III of the Memorandum of Association of the Company shall be added after the existing sub clause 83 of the clause III of the Memorandum of Association of the Company subject to the completion of all the necessary corporate and regulatory formalities, thereafter existing sub clause 84 of the object clause III of the MOA shall be renumbered as sub clause 85 of the object clause III of the MOA:



85. To engage in Real Estate activities, either directly or through Joint venture, including the business of buying or selling of immovable properties or portion thereof, to lease, hire, manage or otherwise deal with all kinds of immovable property whether belonging to the Company or not, to advance money to builders, seller and or others who may be willing to improve or build on any land and or construct buildings for dwellings, trade premises, public and other buildings, and to advance money or assets of all kinds on such terms in connection with all or any of the Company's objects or purchase as may be determined.

"RESOLVED FURTHER THAT an application for additions as referred above in the Memorandum of Association of the Company shall be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan ("SECP") for obtaining necessary approval".

"**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** the Chief Executive or the Company Secretary of the Company be and are hereby authorized to complete the necessary corporate and legal formalities in connection with the above".

By order of the Board Shahzad Jawahar Company Secretary

Lahore: 07 October 2020

Notes:-

- The Members Register will remain closed from 21 October 2020 to 28 October 2020 (both days inclusive). Transfers received at Corplink (Pvt.) Limited, Wings Arcade, 1-K, Commercial Model Town, Lahore, the Registrar and Shares Transfer Office of the Company, by the close of business on 20 October, 2020 will be treated in time for the purpose of Annual General Meeting.
- 2) A member eligible to attend and vote at the meeting may appoint another member as proxy to attend and vote in the meeting. Proxies in order to be effective must be received by the company not later than 48 hours before the time for holding the meeting.
- 3) In order to be valid, an instrument of proxy and the power of attorney or other authority (if any) under which it is signed, or a notarially certified copy of such power of attorney, must be deposited at the Company's Registered Office, 2nd Floor, Pace Shopping Mall, Fortress Stadium, Lahore Cantt. Lahore, not less than 48 hours before the time of the meeting.
- Pursuant to Companies (Postal Ballot) Regulations, 2018, the shareholders will be allowed to exercise their right to vote through postal ballot for election of directors
- 5) Pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2017, the shareholders residing in a city and holding at least 10% of the total paid up share capital may demand the Company to

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provide the facility of video-link for participating in the meeting.

The demand for video-link facility shall be received by the Share Registrar of the Company or directly to the Company at the email address given herein blow at least 7 (seven) days prior to the date of the meeting on the Standard Form which can be downloaded from the company's website: <u>www.pacepakistan.com</u>

Further, Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan vide its Circular No.5 dated March 17, 2020, has directed the listed companies to modify their usual planning for Annual General Meetings for the wellbeing of shareholders in light of the threat posed by the evolving COVID -19 situation.

Accordingly, the shareholders of the Company can opt to attend the meeting through Video/Webex. The shareholders whose names appear in the Books of the Company by the close of business on 20 October 2020 and who are interested to attend AGM through online platform are hereby requested to get themselves, registered with the Company Secretary Office by providing the following details at least 7 (seven) days prior before the meeting;

Email; jawahar@pacepakistan.com, <u>asattar@pacepakistan.com</u>, WhatsApp Number 0302-8440935, 0301-8449940

Please mention your Name, CNIC No, Folio / CDC A/C No & Number of shares for your identification.

Upon receipt of the above information from interested shareholders, the Company will send the login details / password at their email addresses. On the AGM day, shareholders will be able to login and participate in the AGM proceedings through their smartphones or computer devices from any convenient location.

The members can also send their comments/suggestions related to the agenda items of the meeting on the above mentioned email and Whats App number .The login facility will be opened 30 minutes before the meeting time to enable the participants to join the meeting.

- 6) Address of Independent Share Registrar of the Company: Name : Corplink (Pvt.) Limited, Wings Arcade, 1-K, Commercial Model Town, Lahore, (042) 35839182
- 7) The Notice of Annual General Meeting has been placed on the Company's website: <u>www.pacepakistan.com</u>
- 8) a) Individual beneficial owners of CDC entitled to attend and vote at the meeting must bring his/her participant ID and account/sub-account number along with original CNIC or passport to authenticate his/her identity. In case of Corporate entity, resolution of the Board of Directors/Power of attorney with specimen signatures of nominees shall be produced (unless provided earlier) at the time of meeting.

- b) For appointing of proxies, the individual beneficial owners of CDC shall submit the proxy form as per above requirement along with participant ID and account/sub-account number together with attested copy of their CNIC or Passport. The proxy form shall be witnessed by two witnesses with their names, addresses and CNIC numbers. The proxy shall produce his/her original CNIC or Passport at the time of meeting. In case of Corporate entity, resolution of the Board of Director/Power of attorney along with specimen signatures shall be submitted (unless submitted earlier) along with the proxy form.
- 9) Members are requested to notify any change in their registered address immediately;

STATEMENT UNDER SECTION (3) OF SECTION 134 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2017

This statement sets out the material facts pertaining to the special business to be transacted at the Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held on 28 October 2020.

SETTING UP OF TWO DIFFERENT WHOLLY OWNED SUBSIDIARIES TO RUN TWO SATELLITE TV CHANNELS

The Board of Directors of the Company in their meeting held on 06 October 2020, decided to operate the both Satellite TV Channels through two different wholly owned subsidiaries as a part of corporate restructuring wherein Electronic and Print Media businesses will be broken into three main segments. Further, Electronic Media business will be broken into two sub parts to operate two different International scale satellite Television Broadcast Channel station namely "Business Plus" and "Ziaqa". The ultimate purpose of this corporate structuring includes to operate the Electronic Media at own, or to be sold or to be liquidated as a divestiture.

The benefits to accrue from the splitting off two channels in two different entities including creation of two separate legal entities to handle different operations, which will enhance the operational capacity of the Company which will be resulted in enhanced profitability.

Moreover, the above restructuring of Electronic Media into two different entities may be used ultimately to raise capital or selling off two different segments.

The "Business Plus" Satellite TV Channel was acquired on 26.06.2008 in the name of Total Media Limited ('TML"). TML was merged into the Company effective from 01 July 2008. The Cost of this license is Rs. 2,000,000 (Two Million only). The Book value of Business Plus is Rs.388,000/- as at 30.06.2020. The Business Plus TV Channel will be transferred to the wholly owned subsidiary at the valuation to be done by two independent valuer, from the approved list of valuers.

The "Ziaqa" (Previously KIDS Channel-Wikkid Plus") Satellite TV Channel was acquired on 26.06.2008 in the name of Total Media Limited ('TML"). TML was merged into the Company effective from 01 July 2008. The Cost of this license is Rs. 2,000,000 (Two Million only). The Book value of Business Plus is Rs. 388,000/- as at 30.06.2020. The Ziaqa TV Channel will be transferred to the wholly owned subsidiary at the valuation to be done by two independent valuer, from the approved list of valuers.

Each wholly owned subsidiary will issue shares its own shares to the Company equivalent to the value of TV Channel determined by the Independent valuers.

In this regard it is proposed that an authorization be given to the Chief Executive Officer, to take all necessary steps to set up two different wholly owned subsidiaries, make investment there in, in pursuance of S.R.O 1239(I)/2017 dated 06 December 2017, to operate Satellite TV Channels namely "Business Plus" and "Ziaqa" (previously KIDS

Channel –Wikkid Plus'), separately, on such terms and conditions as may be approved by the Board of Directors of the Company"

Further, it is also proposed that an authorization is also given to Chief Executive Officerto take all steps and actions necessary, ancillary and incidental to set up two different wholly owned subsidiaries, to operate Satellite TV Channels including obtaining of necessary regulatory approvals, including but not limited to Pakistan Electronic Media Regulatory Authority ("PEMRA") etc. for transfer of licenses"

AMENDMENT IN THE SUB CLAUSE 1 AND 04 OF THE OBJECT CLAUSE III OF THE MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION OF THE COMPANY

In order to allow the Company to carry on the principal line of business i.e. operating two satellite TV Channels through two different subsidiaries, separately, necessary changes are required to be made in the sub clause 1 and 04 of the object clause III of the Memorandum of Association of the Company, accordingly, subject to the completion of all necessary corporate and legal formalities.

If we make a comparative analysis of existing clause with the proposed alteration only the words "either directly or through subsidiary" have been added in new clauses in order to enable the Company to carry on the principal line of business either directly or through its subsidiaries,

The Board of Directors undertake that the proposed alterations are in line with the applicable provisions of law and regulatory framework.

It is proposed that the Chief Executive Officer of the Company are authorized to complete all necessary corporate and legal formalities and to do all acts, deed and things, take all steps and action necessary, ancillary and incidental for altering the Memorandum of Association of the Company. Further, it is also proposed that Chief Executive Officer of the Company may delegate his powers to any other office bearer of the Company to whom he may deems appropriate

ADDITION OF SUB CLAUSE 84 IN THE OBJECT CLAUSE III OF THE MOA TO ENABLE THE COMPANY TO ENGAGE IN REAL ESTATE ACTIVITIES

The Company intends to undertake some Real estate projects either directly or through Joint ventures with other parties or undertakings which requires necessary provision in the MOA of the Company i.e. addition of new sub clause 84 in the object clause III of the Memorandum of Association of the Company.

The Company will benefit from the expertise of Common management of First Capital and Pace Group of Companies in the field of construction and real estate management, which can be conveniently done along with the principal line of business.

The new sub clause shall be added after the existing sub clause 83 of the clause III of the Memorandum of Association of the Company, subject to the completion of all the necessary corporate and regulatory formalities, thereafter existing sub clause 84 of the

object clause III of the MOA shall be renumbered as sub clause 85 of the object clause III of the MOA.

The Board of Directors undertake that the proposed alterations are in line with the applicable provisions of law and regulatory framework.

INSPECTION OF DOCUMENTS

Copies of the Memorandum and Articles of Association, Statement under section 134(3) of the Companies Act, 2017, latest pattern of shareholding and variation in shareholding of the shareholders, having 10% or more in the Company during the last six months, financial projections/plan of the Company, audited annual accounts for the last three years, and all other related information of the Company may be inspected during the business hours at the Registered Office of the Company form the date of the publications of the this notice till the conclusion of the Annual General Meeting.

INTEREST OF DIRECTORS AND THEIR RELATIVES

All the directors of the Company including the Chief Executive and their relatives (if any) are interested to the extent of their shares that are held by them. The effect of the resolutions on the interest of these directors including the Chief Executive and their relatives (if any) does not differ from its effect on the like interest of other shareholders. They have no other interest in the special business and / or resolutions except as specified herein.

نوٹس برائے سالانہ جائزہ اجلاس

نوٹس ہٰذاسے مطلع کیا جاتا ہے کہ میڈیا ٹائمنرلمیٹڈ (''سمپنی' 'یا'' MTL'') کے شیئر ہولڈرز کا بیسواں سالا نہ اجلاس عام مؤرخہ 28 اکتو بر 2020ء بروز بدھ بوقت 11:30 بجے دن مندرجہ ذیل امور پر بحث کے لئے کمپنی کے رجسٹر ڈ دفتر واقع دوسری منزل پیں شاپنگ مال،فورٹریس اسٹیڈیم، کینٹ،لا ہور میں منعقد ہوگا۔

عمومی امور:

- 1. 29 جون 2020 ء کومنعقدہ غیر معمولی اجلاس عام کی روئیداد کی توثیق کرنا۔
- 2. چیئر مین کے جائزہ، ڈائر یکٹرز اور آڈیٹرز رپورٹ کے ہمراہ 30 جون 2020ء کو اختیام پذیر سال کے لئے کمپنی کی پڑتال شدہ مالیات اسٹیٹمنٹس کو وصول کرنا،انہیں زیر غور لانا اور اپنانا۔
 - 3. 3 جون 2021 کواختنام پذیر سال کے لئے مینی کے بیرونی آڈیٹرز کومقرر کرنا اوران کا مشاہیرہ طے کرنا۔

<u>خصوصی امور</u> 4. دو علیحدہ کمل طور پر ملکیتی ذیلی کمپنیوں کے ذریع دونوں موجودہ سیلا ایک ٹی وی عینار کو چلانے کی غرض کے کمپنیز 1 یک 2017ء کے سیکٹن 183 کی ذیلی شق (3) کے تحت تر میم اعلادہ تر میم مندرجہ ذیل قرار منظور کرنے کی تجویز دی جاتی ہے۔ قرار پایا کہ موجودہ سٹیلا بیٹ ٹی وی عینار'' برنس پلس'' اور'' ذائقہ'' (سابقہ KIDS جینل – Wikkid کی سی ک دوعلیحدہ کمل طور پر ملکیتی ذیلی کمپنیوں کے ذریع چلانے کے لئے میڈیا ٹائنر کمپنڈ ('' کمپنی '' یا '' MTL '') ک چیف ایگز یکو آ فیسر کو تما مولاری اقد امات اور کا روائیاں کرنے کا مجاز طہر ایا جاتا ہے۔ مزید قرار پایا کہ چیف ایگز یکو آ فیسر کو تما مولاری اندا مات اور کا روائیاں کرنے کا مجاز طہر ایا جاتا ہے۔ مزید قرار پایا کہ چیف ایگز یکو آ فیسر کو موجودہ ٹی عینار کو علیحہ کا مولور پر سکیتی ذیلی کمپنیوں کے ذریع چلانے ک قرض سے تمام ضروری کاروباری، قانونی اورر یکو لیٹری تقاضوں کو پورا کرنے کا مجاز ظہر ایا جاتا ہے۔ میں کمپنی کے بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز کی منظور شدہ شرائط وضوا بط کی بیروں میں کمل طور پر ملکیتی ذیلی کمپنیوں کا قدامات اور اندا میں ایکوں کو مولار کی میں کمل طور پر ملکیتی ذیلی کمپنیوں کا قدامات میں میں موری کا میلان کی نظاری ہوں کا محالہ کی ہوئیں کے ذریع چلانے کی محکم طور پر ملکیتی ذیلی کمپنیوں کے ذریع چلانے کی معرفر کر معنا ہوز کی میں کمل طور پر ملکیتی ذیلی کمپنیوں کا قدامات میں میں موروں میں کمل طور پر ملکیتی ذیلی کمپنیوں کا قدامات اور اول کی معنا ہوں ایک میں کمل طور پر ملکیتی ذیلی کمپنیوں کا قدامات سی میں اول میں ڈائی میں میں کمل طور پر ملکیتی ذیلی کہنیوں کا قدامات سیکلا سین ٹی کی دورڈ ہو ہوئی معنا ہوں ہوں ہوں کی ہوں مانا میں کی میں کمل طور پر ملکیتی ذیلی کر ہوں کا قدام دور میں کمپنیوں کو تکر کر میں میں کمل طور پر ملکیتی ذیلی کر نے کا میں میں کہ معلور کر منظور ہوں کی میں کمل طور پر کملیتی دیلی کر میں میں کو لائست کی منتوں کو تک کی میں کو لائست کی کر میں کو لی کھیں کو لائست کی کر کو کہ معنوں ہوں کے کر کر میں دیلی کی دیلوں کی کر معنوں ہوں کی کر کو کر کر کی کر کر کی کر کو کہ میں کہ کر کی دول ہوں کر کی دائر کر کر کی کھی کر کر کر کر کر کو کر کر کی کہ کو کہ کر کو لیکر کہ کو کہ کہ خول ہوئی ہوں کر کہ کہ کہ کہ کہ کہ کہ کر کہ کہ کھر کہ کہ کہ کہ کہ کو کہ کہ کہ کہ کہ کہ کہ ک

سمپنی سے میمورنڈم آف ایسوسی ایشن کی آ بجیکٹ کلا زااا کی ذیلی شق 1 اور 04 میں لا زمی ترمیم کرنا تا کہ کمپنی اپنی کلی ملکیتی ذیلی کمپنی سے ذریعے اپنے بنیادی کاروباری امورکوسرانجام دے سے اس میں دونوں سیٹلا ئٹ ٹی چینلز کو مختلف کلی ملکیتی ذیلی کمپنیوں کے ذریعے چلا نا شامل ہے۔اس تناظر میں کمپنیز ایکٹ 2017ء کے سیشن 26، 27 اور 32 کے تحت بمعہ/علاوہ ترامیم مندرجہ ذیل خصوصی قر اردادہ منظور کرنے کی تجویز دی گئی ہے: قرار پایا کہ کمپنی کے میمورنڈم آف ایسوسی ایشن کی آ بجبکٹ کلا زالا کی ذیلی شق 1 اور 04 کی بجائے مندرجہ ذیل

آ بجیکٹ کلازااا کی ذیل شق1اور04 کواپنا کر تبدیل کیاجائے:

 بلاواسطہ یا بذریعہ ذیلی کمپنی، اشتہار سازی، فلموں کی پروڈ کشن، شو پروگرا مرز، کلپس، ریڈیو میڈیا کے لئے ڈیزائن، ٹی وی نشریات، ری لےٹر اسمیشن، سکر پٹنگ، ڈینگ اور فلموں کے مواد کی ایڈیٹنگ، ویڈیوریکارڈنگ، پلے بیک فریکوئنسی، ٹر اسمیشن ریسیونگ اور اشتہارات کی ویوئنگ میں اضافہ، ڈیزائننگ، تنصیب، کمیشنگ، میڈیا جزیشن کا انتظام ودیکھ بھال، سٹوڈیو سہولیات، الیکٹرونک میڈیا نہی ورک میں آ پریشنز، کلائنٹ/ صارف کے مواد کی ملٹی لنکڈ ویوئینگ کے لئے وسیع پھیلاؤ کو قانون کے مطابق منظوری کے بعد سرانجام دینا۔ کمپنی پا کستان الیکٹرونک میڈیاریگولیشن اتھار ٹی ''PEMRA'' کی پیشگی اجازت/ لائسنس کے بغیر اس کاروبار کا آغانہیں کر ہے گی۔

- 4. بلا واسطی یابذر بعد ذیلی مینی پاکستان کے کنی شہروں میں مقامی ٹی وی اسٹیشن قائم کر کے ٹیلی ویژن کا نشریاتی کاروبار کرنا۔ اس کاروبار کے بنیادی مقصد میں مندرجہ ذیل شامل ہیں لیکن بیہ محدود نہیں، مزید بیہ کہ سمینی پاکستان الیکٹرونک میڈیار یکولیشن اتھارٹی ''PEMRA'' کی پیشگی اجازت/لائسنس کے بغیراس کاروبار کا آغانہیں کرے گی:
 - a) اس نشریاتی مقام کے لئے عوامی معلومات/تعلیم/ تفریح کے لئے ٹی وی پروگرام نشر کرنا۔
- b) تعلیمی اداروں کے کھیل کے ملکی ایونٹس، پیشہ ورانہ کیمز ، ایونٹس، نئے ٹیلنٹ کی حوصلہ افزائی کے لئے قومی/ مقامی ٹورنامنٹس ،صحت مند معا شرہ کے لئے کھیلوں کی تشہیر کرنا۔
 - c) حکومت مخالف معلومات یا پروگرام سے کمل اجتناب اورکمل غیر جانبداری کا مظاہر ہ کرنا۔
- d) سستکنیکی تعلیم اور تفریحی فلمز ، ریکارڈ ز ، پرنٹ مواد ، آ ڈیو۔ ویڈیو کیسٹ برائے فروخت اور کرایہ کی فراہمی کے لئے ملکی وبین الاقوامی سطح پر ڈسٹریکشن نیٹ ورک کے ساتھ ویڈیور نیٹل لائبر بری کے امور چلانا۔

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- e) لائبر ریوں، یونیورسٹیوں، سکولوں، کالجوں اور اداروں کے لئے تعلیمی، مذہبی، تفریحی، سماجی اور حالات حاضرہ کی پروڈکشن، سپلائی اورری لے کے امور چلانا۔ان ہاؤس پروڈکشن یونٹ برائے ٹی وی، ریڈ یواور ویڈیو پروڈکشن۔
- f) مقامی شہر یوں میں پاکستان میں اسلامی ریاست کے حوالے سے شعور ہیدا کرنے کے لئے عملی اقدامات کرنااور سیٹلا ئٹ/ ویڈیوٹر ^{اس}میشن کے ذریعے معا شرے میں غیر ملکی مواد کے اثرات سے نبر داؔ زما ہونا۔
- g) ۔ دیگر ترقی یذیر مما لک کی طرح عوام کو 21 ویں صدی میں داخل ہونے کے لئے متقابل کوششیں بروئے کار لا ناادرمستقبل میں بین الاقوامی ماحول میں تبدیلی کے حقائق کوبل از وقت سمجھنا۔
 - h) حالات حاضرہ اور معلوماتی پروگراموں سے متعلقہ حکومتی پالیسیوں کے دائر ہ کارمیں رہنا۔
- i) · · · · · · · · · · · اور آئین پاکستان کے نتاظر میں حکومت پاکستان کی ہدایات کی روشنی میں تہذیب · اخلا قیات کے ضوائط کی پیروی کرنا۔

قرار پایا کہ مینی کے چیف ایگز کیٹو آفیسر کو یہاں حسب ضابطہ وہ دوعلیحدہ کمل طور پر ملکیتی ذیلی کمپنیوں کو قائم کرنے، سیط منٹ ٹی وی چینلز کو چلانے اور کمپنی کے میمورنڈم آف ایسوسی ایشن میں ترمیم کی غرض سے تمام قانونی و واقعاتی اقد امات اور افعال، معاہدے اور دیگر امور سرانجام دینے کے لئے مجاز کٹھ ہرایا جاتا ہے۔ ان ذمہ دار یوں میں کمپنیوں کے رجسڑ ار، سیکیو رشیز اینڈ ایسی پنج کمیشن آف پاکستان (''SECP'') کو مطلوب اور میمورنڈم آف ایسوسی ایشن میں ترامیم کومؤ تر کرنے اور مذکورہ بالا قر ارداد کو نافذ کرنے کی غرض سے تمام میں تر ایش میں ترامیم لازمی دستا ویز اینڈ ایسی پنج کمیشن آف پاکستان (''SECP'') کو مطلوب اور میمورنڈم آف ایسوسی ایشن میں ترامیم کومؤ تر کرنے اور مذکورہ بالا قر ارداد کو نافذ کرنے کی غرض سے تمام ریگو کیڑی معیارات کی تعمیل میں تمام لازمی دستا ویز ات/ قانونی فار مز/ درخواستیں وغیرہ دائر کرنا شامل ہیں۔ مزید سے کہ کمپنی کا چیف ایگر کیڈو آفیسرا پی

سمینی سے میمورنڈم آف ایسوسی ایشن (''MOA'') کی آبجیک کلاز III کی ذیلی شق 84 سے اضافہ سے تمام ضروری ترامیم لانا تا کہ کمپنی براہ راست یا جوائنٹ وینچر کے ذریعے ریئل اسٹیٹ سرگرمیوں بشمول غیر منقولہ پراپر ٹیز سے حصول، ریئل اسٹیٹ منصوبوں کی تعمیر وفروخت پڑمل درآ مدکر سکے۔

"قرار پایا که تمام کاروباری و ریگولیٹری ضوابط پرعمل درآمد سے مشروط کمپنی کے میمورنڈم آف ایسوسی ایشن ("MOA") کی مندرجہ ذیل آبجیکٹ کلاز III کی ذیلی شق 84 کو کمپنی کے میمورنڈ آف ایسوسی ایشن کی کلاز III ذیلی شق83 کے بعد تحریر کیا جائے گا۔ بعدازاں MOA کی موجودہ آبجیکٹ کلاز III کی ذیلی شق 84 کو 84 نمبر دیا جائے گا۔

بحکم بورڈ شہراد جواہر کمپنی سیکریٹری

لايور: 07 كتوبر 2020ء

مندرجات:

- 1) اراکین کارجسڑ 21 کتوبر 2020ء سے 28 اکتوبر 2020ء (بشمول دونوں ایام) تک بندر ہے گا۔ کمپنی کےرجسڑ ارادر شیئرز ٹرانسفر آفس کارپ لنک (پرائیویٹ) لمیٹڈ، ونگز آ رکیڈ K-1 کمرشل، ماڈل ٹاؤن لا ہورکو 20 اکتوبر 2020ء کو کاروباری اوقات کارختم ہونے تک موصول ٹرانسفرز کوسالا نہ اجلاس عام کی غرض سے بروفت تصور کی جائیں گی۔
- 2) اجلاس میں شرکت اور رائے شماری کرنے کا اہل رکن اجلاس میں اپنی جگہ شرکت اور رائے شماری کرنے کے لئے کسی دوسرے رکن کو اپنا پراکسی مقرر کر سکتا ہے۔ پراکسیز کو مؤثر کرنے کی غرض سے اجلاس کے انعقاد سے کم از کم 48 گھنٹے قبل ہرلحاظ مکمل پراکسی فارم کمپنی کو اپنے رجسٹر ڈ آفس میں موصول ہوجانا چاہئے۔
- 3) جائز ثابت کرنے کے لئے، پراکسی کا دستاویز اور محتار نامہ یا دیگر اتھارٹی (اگر کوئی ہو) جس کے زیر دستخط یہ دستاویز ہو، یا اس مختار نامہ کی نوٹری سے تصدیق شدہ فقل کمپنی کے رجسٹر ڈ آفس واقع دوسری منزل، پیس شاپنگ مال، فورٹر لیس سٹیڈیم، لا ہور کینٹ، لا ہور کواجلاس کے انعقاد سے کم از کم 48 گھنٹے قبل جمع کرایا جائے۔
- 4) سمپنیز (پوشل بیلٹ) ضوابط، 2018ء کی پیروی میں ڈائر یکٹرز کے انتخاب کے لئے ارا کین پوشل بیلٹ کے ذریعے رائے شاری کاحق استعال کر سکتے ہیں۔

کمپنیزا یکٹ 2017ء کے قواعد کی پیروی میں دوسر ےشہر میں مقیم 10 فی صد ٹوٹل ادا شدہ سرما بیرصص کے حامل حص (5 داران ویڈیولنک کے ذریعے اجلاس میں شرکت کی سہولت کے لئے درخواست دے سکتے ہیں۔ وڈیولنک سہولت کی درخواست کمپنی کے شیئر رجسٹر ارکویا بذریعہ مندرجہ ذیل ای میل ایڈریس کمپنی کو ہراہ راست معیاری فارم پر اجلاس کے انعقاد سے 7(سات) یو مقبل مل جانی جائے جسے کمپنی کی ویب سائٹ www.pacepakistan.com <u>سے ڈاؤن لوڈ کیا جاسکتا ہے۔</u> مزيد برآن،مؤرخه 17مارچ2020ء کے مراسلہ نمبر 5 کے تحت سیکیو رٹیز اینڈ ایم پینچ کمیشن آف ماکستان نے لسٹڈ کمپنیوں کو COVID-19 وبا کے خطرات سے حصص داران کو بیجانے کے لئے اپنے سالا نہ اجلاس عام کے معمول میں تبدیلی کی ہدایات جاری کی ہیں۔ اسی طرح سے کمپنی کے صص داران ویڈیو/ دیبیکس کے ذریعے اجلاس میں شرکت کرنے کا انتخاب کر سکتے ہیں۔ایسے صص داران جن کے نام 20 اکتوبر 2020 ءکوکار وباری اوقات کارختم ہونے تک کمپنی کی کتابوں میں خاہر ہوتے ہیں اور وہ آن لائن پلیٹ فارم کے ذریعے AGM میں شرکت کے خواہش مند ہیں توانہیں اجلاس کے انعقاد سے کم از کم 7 (سات) یوم قبل کمپنی کے سیکریٹری آفس میں اینااندراج کرانے کی درخواست کی جاتی ہے۔ اىمىل: asattar@pacepakistan.com jawahar@pacepakistan.com وتس ايي نمبر: 8440935-0302؛ 0301-8449940 براہ کرماینانام، CNIC نمبر، فولیو/ CDC اکا ؤنٹ نمبراور خصص کی تعداد کی نشاند ہی ہے۔ خوا ہش مندشیئر ہولڈرز سے مٰدکورہ بالامعلومات کی وصولی پر کمپنی اُن کے ای میل ایڈریس پر لاگ ان تفصیلات/ پاس ورڈ بھیجے گی ۔ AGM کے دقت شیئر ہولڈرز AGM کارر دائی میں اپنے سارٹ فون یا کمپیوٹر ڈیوائس کے ذریعے کسی بھی موافق مقام سےلاگ ان کر کے شرکت کر سکتے ہیں۔ اراکین اجلاس کے ایجنڈ ا آئٹمز سے متعلق اپنی رائے/تجاویز مکورہ بالا ای میل ایڈریس اور دلٹس ایپ نمبر پر جھیج سکتے ہیں۔ لاگ ان کی سہولت اجلاس کے انعقاد سے 30 منٹ قبل کھولی جائے گی تا کہ شرکاءا جلاس میں شمولیت اختیار کر سکیں۔ سمینی بے خود مختار شیئر رجسڑار کا پتا: کارپ لنک (پرائیویٹ) لمیٹڈ، ونگز آ رکیڈ، K-1، کمرشل ماڈل ٹاؤن، لا ہور (6 042-35839182

وقت پیش کرنا ہوگا (اگریہ پہلے فراہم نہ کیا گیا ہو)۔ (b) پراکسیز کے نظر رکے لئے ، CDC کا فردواحد بنی فیشکل مالک مذکور بالاضروریات کے مطابق پراکسی فارم بمعہ شرکت کا آئی ڈی، اکاؤنٹ/ ذیلی اکاؤنٹ نمبر بشمول CNIC یا پاسپورٹ کی مصدقہ نقل جمع کرائے گا۔دوافراد کی جانب سے ان کے نام، پتااور CNIC نمبر کے ساتھ پراکسی فارم کی توثیق ہونی چاہئے۔ پراکسی کواجلاس کے انعقاد کے وقت اپنا اصلی CNIC یا پسپورٹ پیش کرنا ہوگا۔کاروباری ادارہ کی صورت میں نمونہ کے دستخط کے ساتھ بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز کی قرار داد کر مختار نامہ پراکسی فارم کے ساتھ جمع کرانا ہوگا (اگر یہ پہلے جمع نہ کرایا گیا ہو)۔ ارا کمین سے درخواست کی جاتی ہے کہ اپنے رجٹر ڈیتا میں تبدیلی کی صورت میں فوراً مطلع کریں۔

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کمپنیزا یک 2007ء کے سیکشن (3) 134 کے تحت بیان یہ بیان 28 کتو ہر 2020ء کو کمپنی کے سالا نہ اجلاس عام میں زیر بحث خصوصی امور کے مادی رتفائق پر مشتل ہے: ووسیلا کت چینل چلانے کے لئے دوعلی در معلل طور پر ملکیتی ڈیلی کمپنیوں کی تفکیل ما00 کتو ہر 2020ء کو منعقدہ بورڈ اجلاس میں کمپنی کے بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز نے کاروباری ری سڑ کچر تک کے طور پر دوعلیحدہ محمل طور پر ملکیتی ذیلی کمپنیوں کے ذریعے دونوں سیلا کٹ ٹی وی چینلز کو چلانے کا فیصلہ کیا جس سے الیکٹرو تک اور پر نے میڈیا تعین بنیا دی شعبوں میں تقسیم ہوجائے گا۔ مزید ہر ان الیکٹرو تک میڈیا کا روبار دو حصوں میں تقسیم ہوجائے گا تا کہ دومختلف تعین بنیا دی شعبوں میں تقسیم ہوجائے گا۔ مزید ہر آن، الیکٹرو تک میڈیا کا روبار دوحصوں میں تقسیم ہوجائے گا تا کہ دومختلف میں الاقوامی معیار کے سیلا کٹ ٹی وی ہوڈ کاسٹ چینلز ' پرنس چلس'' اور' ذائلند'' کو چلا یا جا سے۔ اس کا روباری ری مر کچر تک کے بنیا دی شعبوں میں تقسیم ہوجائے گا۔ مزید بر آن، الیکٹرو ویک میڈیا کا کاروبار دوحصوں میں تقسیم ہوجائے گا تا کہ دومختلف مر کچر تک کے بنیا دی شعبوں میں تقسیم ہوجائے گا۔ مزید بر آن، الیکٹر ویک میڈیا کا کروبار زیان ند ' کو چلا یا جا سے۔ اس کاروباری ری مر کچر تک کے بنیا دی معصد میں الیکٹرو تک میڈیا کو خود میں کیو کار ' اور' ذائلند'' کو چلا یا جا سے۔ اس کاروباری ری مر کچر تک کے بنیادی مقصد میں الیکٹرو کو میڈیا کو خود معار کرد ایک پر کو کی میڈین کے کرنا شامل ہیں۔ مر کچر تک کے بنیادی مقصد میں الیکٹرو تک میڈیا کو خود میں ایک و خود میڈی کی زیا تا ہو ہو ہو تی کرنا شامل ہیں۔ مرید بر آں، الیکٹرو تک میڈیا کی دوختلف اداروں میں مذکورہ بالا ری سٹر کچر تک سے دوختلف شعبوں نے لئے سرمایہ جن کر نے یا فر دفت کر نے میں مدر دلے گی۔

'' برنس پلس''سیٹلا سے ٹی وی چینل 2008،2008 کوٹوٹل میڈیا لمیٹڈ (''TML'') کے نام سے حاصل کیا گیا۔ کیم جولائی 2008ء کو TML کو کمپنی میں ضم کیا گیا۔ اس لائسنس کی لاگت -/2,000,000 روپے (دوملین روپے صرف) ہے۔30 جون 2020ء کو برنس پلس کی لبک ویلیو-/388,000 روپے ہے۔ برنس پلس ٹی وی چینل کو منظور شدہ تخمینہ کنندگان کی فہرست میں سے خود مختار تخمینہ کندہ کی جانب سے تخمینہ کے بعد کمل طور پر ملکیتی ذیلی کمپنی میں منتقل کر دیا جائے گا۔

''ذا ائقہ'' (سابقہ بچوں کا چینل-wikkid پلس) سیٹلا ئٹ ٹی وی چینل ٹوٹل میڈیا لمیٹڈ (''TML'') کے نام سے 26 جون 2008ء کوخریدا گیا۔ کیم جولائی 2018ء کو TML کو کمپنی میں ضم کردیا گیا۔ ذا ائقہ ٹی وی چینل کو منظور شدہ تخمینہ کنندگان کی فہرست میں سے خود مختار تخمینہ کندہ کی جانب سے تخمینہ کے بعد مکمل طور پرملکیتی ذیلی کمپنی میں منتقل کردیا جائے گا۔ دونوں مکمل طور پرملکیتی ذیلی کمپنیاں خود مختار تخمینہ کاندگان کے تخمینہ کے بعد ٹی وی چینل کی مالیت کے مساوی کمپنی کو صور جاری کریں گی۔

اس تناظر میں دوکلی ملکیتی ذیلی کمپنیوں کے قیام، 06 دسمبر 2017 کے مراسلد نمبر 2017(I)239 کی پیروی میں ان میں سرمایہ داری کرنے،''برنس پلس'' اور'' ذا لفتہ' (سابقہ نام بچوں کا چینل-Wikkid پلس) کے نام سے علیحدہ علیحدہ سيط ئنٹ ٹی وی چينلز چلانا جيسے امور سرانجام دينے کے لئے چيف ايگزيکٹو آفيسر کو تمام ضروری اقد امات اٹھانے کے لئے کمپنی کے بورڈ آف ڈائر يکٹرز کی منظور شدہ شرائط وضوا بط کے تحت مجاز قرار دينے کی تجويز دی گئی ہے۔ مزيد، يہ تجويز بھی دی جاتی ہے کہ چيف ايگزيکٹو آفيسر کو بياختيار بھی ديا جاتا ہے کہ وہ سيط ئنٹ ٹی وی چينلز چلانے کے لئے دو عليحدہ کلی ملکیتی ذيلي کمپنيوں کے قيام کے لئے تمام قانون و واقعاتی اقدامات و کارروائی کرے گا۔ ان اقدامات ميں تمام ريگو ليٹری منظورياں حاصل کرنا شامل ہيں ليکن سے پاکستان اليکٹرونک ميڈيا ريگو ليٹری اتھار ٹی (''PEMRA'') سے

سمینی سے میمورنڈم آف ایسوسی ایشن کی آ بجیکٹ کلاز اللا کی ذیلی شق 1 اور 04 میں ترمیم سمپنی سے بنیادی کاروباری امور یعنی دومختلف ذیلی کمپنیوں سے ذریعے دوسیطلا ئٹ ٹی وی چینلز چلانے کی اجازت دینے سے لئے سمپنی سے میمورنڈم آف ایسوسی ایشن کی آ بجیکٹ کلا ز اللا کی ذیلی شق 1 اور 04 میں ترمیم لازمی ہے جو تمام کاروباری و قانونی تقاضوں کو پورا کرنے سے مشروط ہے۔

اگر، ہم موجودہ شق کا تقابلی جائزہ لیں تو مجوزہ ترمیم صرف' یا براہ راست یا بذریعہ ذیلی کمپنی'' کے الفاظ کی نٹی شق میں شمولیت ہے ہے تا کہ مپنی اپنی ذیلی کمپنیوں کے ذریعے یا براہ راست اپنے بنیا دی کا روباری امور چلا سکے۔

بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرزا قرار کرتے ہیں کہ جوزہ ترامیم رائج قوانین اورر یگولیٹری فریم ورک کے عین مطابق ہیں۔ تجویز دی جاتی ہے کہ مپنی کے چیف ایگز کیٹو آفیسر کو تمام کا روباری وقانونی تقاضے پورے کرنے کا مجاز گھہرایا گیا ہے تا کہ وہ کمپنی کے میمورنڈ م آف ایسوسی ایشن کی ترمیم کے لئے تمام لازمی و واقعاتی اقدامات اٹھا نمیں اور تمام معاہدے یا کام بروئے کار لائیں۔ مزید بیت تجویز بھی دی جاتی ہے کہ کمپنی کا چیف ایگز کیٹو آفیسرا پنی حسب منشا کمپنی کے کسی بھی عہد یدار کو اختیارات سونپ سکتا ہے۔

تمپنی کوریکل اسٹیٹ سرگرمیوں میں شامل کرنے کے لئے مینی کے MOA کی آبجیکٹ کلاز III کی ذیلی شق 84 میں اضافہ

سمپنی براہ راست یا بذریعہ جوائنٹ وینچر دیگر فریقین کے ساتھ ریئل اسٹیٹ منصوبوں پر کام کرنے کا ارادہ رکھتی ہے لہذا اس کے لئے کمپنی کے میمورنڈ آف ایسوسی ایشن کی آبجیکٹ کلا زکی ذیلی شق 84 میں اضافہ مطلوب ہے۔ سمپنی تقمیرات اور ریئل اسٹیٹ مینجمنٹ کے شعبہ میں فرسٹ کیپٹل اور پیں گروپ آف کمپنیز کی مشتر کہ انتظامیہ کے تجربہ سے فائدہ اٹھائے گی۔جو بنیا دی کا روباری امور کے میں مطابق موافق عمل رہے گا۔

سمینی کے میمورنڈ م آف ایسوسی ایشن کی کلاز III کی موجودہ ذیلی شق 83 کے بعد نٹی ذیلی شق کا اضافہ کیا جائے گا جولاز می

کار دباری در یگولیٹری نقاضوں پڑمل درآمد سے مشروط ہے۔ بعدازاں، MOA کی آبجیکٹ کلاز ۱۱۱ کی موجودہ ذیلی شق 84 کود دبارہ نمبر دے کرذیلی شق 85 کانمبر دیا جائے گا۔ بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرزاقر ارکرتے ہیں کہ مجوزہ تر امیم تمام لاگوتونین اورریگولیٹری فریم درک کے عین مطابق ہیں۔

دستاويزات كامعائنه

میمورنڈ م اینڈ آرٹیکز آف ایسوسی ایشن کی نقول کمپنیز ایکٹ 2017ء کے سیکشن (3) 134 کے تحت بیان، شیئر ہولڈنگ کی تازہ ترین وضع اور گذشتہ چھے ماہ کے دوران شیئر ہولڈرز کی کمپنی میں 10 فی صدیا زائد شیئر ہولڈنگ میں تغیر ، کمپنی کے مالیاتی تغیرات/منصوبے، گذشتہ تین سالوں میں پڑتال شدہ سالانہ کھا توں اور کمپنی کی دیگر تمام متعلقہ معلومات کا جائزہ اس نوٹس کے اجرااور سالانہ اجلاس عام کے اختیام کے دوران کمپنی کے رجسٹر ڈ آفس میں کا روباری اوقات کا رکے دوران لیا جاسکتا ہے۔

ڈائر یکٹرز اوران کے رشتہ داروں کا مفاد

سمپنی کے تمام ڈائر یکٹرز بشمول چیف ایگزیکٹواوران کے رشتہ دار (اگرکوئی ہے) اپنے موجودہ خصص کی حد تک ہی دلچیپی رکھتے ہیں۔ان ڈائر یکٹرزز بشمول چیف ایگزیکٹواوران کے رشتہ دار (اگرکوئی ہے) دیگر صص داران کے مفادات پر قرار داد کا اثر دیگر حصص داران کے مساوی مفادات پراس کے اثر سے مختلف نہ ہے۔ان کا خصوصی اموراور/یا قرار داد میں یہاں بیانات کے علاوہ کوئی مفاد نہ ہے۔

Media Times Limited

Chairman's Review

A Review Report by the Chairman on Board's overall performance and effectiveness of role played by the Board in achieving the Company's objectives u/s 192 of the Companies Act 2017:

As required under the Code of Corporate Governance, an annual evaluation of the Board of Directors (the "Board") of Media Times Limited (the "Company") is carried out. The purpose of this evaluation is to ensure that the Board's overall performance and effectiveness is measured and benchmarked against expectations in the context of objectives set for the Company. Areas where improvements are required are duly considered and action plans are framed.

I am pleased to present the Annual Review for the year ended June 30, 2020,

- The Board of Directors ("the Board") of Media Times Limited (MDTL) has performed their duties diligently in upholding the best interest of shareholders' of the Company and has managed the affairs of the Company in an effective and efficient manner.
- The Board of MDTL is highly professional and experienced people. They bring a vast experience from different businesses including the independent directors. All board members are well aware of their responsibilities and fulfilling these diligently.
- The Board has adequate representation of non-executive and independent directors on the Board and its committees as required under the Code and that members of the Board and its respective committees has adequate skill experience and knowledge to manage the affairs of the Company;
- The Board has ensured that the directors are provided with orientation courses to enable them to perform their duties in an effective manner and that the three directors on the Board have already taken certification under the Directors Training Program and the remaining directors meet the qualification and experience criteria of the Code;
- The Board has formed an Audit and Human Resource and Remuneration Committee and has approved their respective terms of references and has assigned adequate resources so that the committees perform their responsibilities diligently;
- The Board has ensured that the meetings of the Board and that of its committee were held with the requisite quorum, all the decision making were taken through

Board resolution and that the minutes of all the meetings (including committees) are appropriately recorded and maintained;

- The Board has actively participated in strategic planning process enterprise risk management system, policy development, and financial structure, monitoring and approval. All the significant issues throughout the year were presented before the Board or its committees to strengthen and formalize the corporate decision making process.
- All the significant issues throughout the year were presented before the Board or its committees to strengthen and formalize the corporate decision making process and particularly all the related party transactions executed by the Company were approved by the Board on the recommendation of the Audit Committee;
- The Board has ensured that the adequate system of internal control is in place and its regular assessment through self-assessment mechanism and /or internal audit activities;
- The Board has prepared and approved the director's report and has ensured that the director report is published with the quarterly and annual financial statement of the Company and the content of the directors report are in accordance with the requirement of applicable laws and regulation;
- The Board has exercised its powers in light of the power assigned to the Board in accordance with the relevant laws and regulation applicable on the Company and the Board has always prioritized the Compliance with all the applicable laws and regulation in terms of their conduct as directors and exercising their powers and decision making.
- The Board has ensured the hiring, evaluation and compensation of the Chief Executive and other key executives including Chief Financial Officer, Company Secretary, and Head of internal Audit;
- The Board has ensured that adequate information is shared among its members in a timely manner and the Board members are kept abreast of developments between meetings;

I would like to place on record with thanks and appreciation to my fellow directors, shareholders, management and staff for their continued support in very challenging operating conditions. I look forward for more future success for the Company.

Lahore 06 October 2020 Aamna Taseer Chairman

Media Times Limited

کمپنیزا یک 2017ء کے سیکشن 192 کے تحت کمپنی کے مقاصد کے حصول میں بورڈ کی مجموعی اور مؤثر کارکردگی پر چیئر مین کی تجزیاتی رپورٹ۔

چيئرمين کې جائز دريور په

میں 30جون 2020ءاختتام پذیر سال کے لئے سالا نہریورٹ پیش کرنے میں فخر محسوس کرتی ہوں۔

- ⇔ میڈیاٹائمزلمیٹڈ (MTL) کے بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز (''بورڈ'') نے کمپنی کے حصص داران کے بہترین مفاد میں اپنے فرائض انتہائی دلجمعی سے ادا کتے ہیں اور کمپنی کے امورکومؤ ثر اور بہترین انداز میں چلایا ہے۔
- MTL کا بورڈ ماہراور تجربہ کارافراد پر شتمل ہے۔ بشمول آزاد ڈائر یکٹرز کے ان کے پاس مختلف کمپنیوں کا وسیع تجربہ ہے۔ بورڈ کے تمام اراکین اپنے فرائض سے بخوبی آگاہ ہیں اورانہیں خوش اصلوبی سے سرانجام دےرہیں۔
- ا الج الح مطابق بورڈ اور اس کی کمیٹیوں میں نان ایگزیکٹو اور آزادڈ ائر یکٹرز کی متناسب نمائندگی ہے۔ اور بیر کہ بورڈ اور اس

 کی متعلقہ کمیٹیوں کے پاس کمپنی کے امورکو منظم کرنے کے لئے وسیع مہارت ، تجربہ اور علم ہے۔
- بورڈ نے یقین دہانی کرائی ہے کہ اپنے فرائض کی مؤثر انداز میں انجام دہی کے لئے ڈائر یکٹر زکواور کنٹیشن کور سزپیش کئے گئے ہیں اور تین ڈائر یکٹرز نے ڈائر یکٹرزٹریڈنگ پروگرام میں سندحاصل کررکھی ہے اور بقیہ ڈائر یکٹر ضابطہ کے معیار اور قابلیت پر پورااتر تے ہیں۔
- ⇔ بورڈنے آ ڈٹ اور ہیومن ریسورس اینڈ ریمونریشن کمیٹی تشکیل دی ہے اوران کے متعلقہ شرا ئط وضوابط کو منظور کیا ہے اوران کی ذمہ داریوں کوخوش اصلوبی سے انجام دینے کے لئے انہیں موز وں وسائل فراہم کئے ہیں۔
- بورڈ نے یقین دہانی کرائی ہے کہ بورڈ اوراس کی کمیٹیوں کے اجلاس مطلوب کورم کے ساتھ منعقد کئے جاتے ہیں اور تمام فیصلے بورڈ قرار داد کے ذریعے لئے جاتے ہیں اور تمام اجلاسوں (بشمول کمیٹیوں کے اجلاس) کی روئیداد کو با قاعدہ ریکارڈ اور برقر اررکھا گیا ہے۔

Media Times Limited

- بورڈ حکمت عملی سے متعلق منصوبہ بندی، خطرات پر قابو پانے کے لئے کمپنی کے انتظامات، پالیسی کی تیاری اور مالیاتی ڈھانچہ، نگرانی اور منظوری میں مستعدی سے برسر پرکار ہے۔سال بھر میں تمام نمایاں مسائل کو بورڈ اور اس کی کمیڈیوں کے سامنے رکھا گیا تا کہ کاروباری فیصلہ سازی کو ستحکم یا با قاعدہ کیا جا سکے خصوصاً آ ڈٹ کمیٹی کی سفار شات پر بورڈ کی جانب سے کمپنی کی جانب سے کئے گئمام متعلقہ پارٹی لین دین کو منظور کیا گیا۔
- بورڈ نے یقین دہانی کرائی ہے کہ انٹرل کنٹر ول کومتنا سب نظام موجود ہے اور اس کی خود ساختہ تجزیبہ کے نظام اور/یا اندرونی آڈٹ کی سرگر میوں کے ذریعے با قاعدگی سے نگرانی کی جاتی ہے۔
- ⇔ بورڈ نے ڈائر یکٹرز ریورٹ کو منظور کیا ہے اور یقینی دہانی کرائی ہے کہ ڈائر یکٹرز ریورٹ کمپنی کے سہ ماہی اور سالا نہ مالیاتی گوشواروں کے ساتھ شائع کی گئی ہے۔اورڈائر یکٹرزر پورٹ کا مواد لا گوقوانین وضوابط کے تحت مرتب کیا گیا ہے۔
- ⇔ سسسمینی پرلا گومتعلقہ قوانین وضوابط کے تحت متعین کئے گئے اختیارات کی روشٰی میں بورڈ اپنے فرائض سرانجام دیتا ہے۔اور بورڈ نے اپنے افعال،اختیارات کے استعال اور فیصلہ سازی کی مدمیں ہمیشہ تمام لا گوقوانین وضوابط کی قتمیل کوتر جیح دی ہے۔
- بورڈ نے یقینی چیف ا گیزیکٹواور دیگر افسر ان بشمول چیف فائنشیئل آ فیسر، کمپنی سیکریٹری اور سر براہ انٹرنل آ ڈٹ کی تقر ری اور معاوضہ کے تعین کو یقینی بنایا ہے۔
- ⇒ بورڈ نے اپنے اراکین کے ساتھ معلومات کا بروقت تبادلہ کیا ہے اور بورڈ اجلاسوں کے دوران ترقی سے متعلق اراکین کو آگاہ رکھتا ہے۔
- میں انتہائی مشکل حالات میں اپنے ساتھی ڈائر یکٹرز، شیئر ہولڈرز، انتظامیہ اورعملہ کی سلسل حمایت کا شکر بیدادا کرنا چاہتی ہوں اور میں مستقبل میں کمپنی کی کامیابی کے لئے پر اُمید ہوں ۔

آمنية تأثير	لا بور
چيئر مين	06 اکتوبر 2020

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The Directors of **Media Times Limited** ("MTL" or "the Company") are pleased to present the annual report to the members along with the annual audited financial statements of the Company for the year ended 30 June 2020.

Core Business Units

MTL is operating in Print, Electronic and Digital media. Core business units of the Company include Daily Times Newspaper, Sunday Magazine, TGIF Magazine, Daily AajKal Newspaper, Business Plus TV and Zaiqa TFC. In addition, the digital wing of the Company is also operating online/ social media of each of the above mentioned business units.

Print Media

Daily Times, a nationwide English daily newspaper printed from Lahore, Karachi and Islamabad caters to the needs of the general public and is considered to be amongst the leading English newspapers in the country in terms of circulation and enjoys a high level of respect & credibility.

Sunday Times is a leading fashion magazine of Pakistan celebrating almost 17 years of excellence for honoring fashion, lifestyle, arts, entertainment, culture and national style icons. The magazine is given as a complimentary copy each Sunday along with Daily Times Newspaper.

"**Aajkal**" an Urdu daily newspaper, is successfully maintaining its market position since its launch and continuously striving to improve circulation as well as advertising share across Pakistan.

Electronic Media

Business plus TV is the only business channel that is currently working in Pakistan. Being the only business channel, Business plus TV is having high viewership during peak hours and satisfying its audience by presenting content that enriches business information. Innovative programming is being introduced to further increase the market share of this product and finally improve its revenue stream.

Zaiqa TFC has captured a reasonable share of this niche market. All major advertisers of this sector advertise on Zaiqa and it has become a household name in consumer classes especially women. Excellent programming along with best names of industry chefs has made Zaiqa a very distinctive channel to watch.

Online/ Digital Media

The management of the Company is devoting its full attention over digital wing of the Company. The digital wing of the Company aims to be one-stop ahead solution to advertisers. Owing to the fact of more attraction of social media to advertisers, the Company is maintaining separate websites, Facebook pages, Instagram accounts, Twitter accounts, blog writing forum and snap chats for the following products:

- Daily Times Newspaper
- Sunday Times Magazine
- Thank Goodness Its Friday, TGIF magazine
- Business Plus TV

• Zaiqa TFC

Financial Overview

During the period under review the Company reported an after tax loss of Rs. 110 million as compared to a loss of Rs. 244.5 million in corresponding period last year. Turnover has been decreased to Rs. 156.5 million compared to Rs. 177.2 million in corresponding period last year.

Cost of production reduced to Rs 138.5 million as compared to Rs 193.7 million in corresponding period along with decrease in Admin and Selling expenses by Rs. 49.6 million (FY 2019-20: 83.9 million and FY 2018-19: 133.5 million). Finance cost is also decreased by Rs. 0.4 million (FY 2019-20: 52.1 million and FY 2018-19: 52.5 million).

Revenue has been decreased due to following factors:

- Corona pandemic during last 2 quarters of financial year 2019-20
- Non-release of advertisement campaign from Government.
- Shift of advertising customer from print media to social media

To cater the impact of decrease in revenue due to above mentioned factors, the Company has taken steps to reduce cost of production and Admin and Selling expenses through right sizing and outsourcing of production services. In addition, the management of the campany has also designed several combined packages of print and social media to attract advertisers.

Detailed results of the Company for the year are disclosed in the financial statements accompanying this report; however highlights for the year are as follows:

Profit and Loss Account	2020 (R	2019 s. in Millions)	
Turnover	156	177	
Gross Profit (loss)	18	(17)	
Admin & Selling Expenses	84	134	
Finance Cost	52.1	52.5	
Other Expenses 14		0.49	
Loss after Taxation	(110)	(245)	
EPS Basic & Diluted- (Rupees)		.62) (1.37)	
Balance Sheet			
Non-Current Assets	226	276	
Net Current Assets	(786)	(726)	
Non-Current Liabilities		285 291	
Share Capital and Reserves	(845)	(742)	

The Company is renegotiating / restructuring, the debt with Faysal Bank Limited. In this regard, a draft proposal, for settling principal and related mark up has been sent by the Company and the same is under consideration by the top management of the Bank. **Company's ability to continue as a going concern**

Under Independent Auditor's Report for the financial year ended June 30, 2020, the auditors have raised concerns over the material uncertainty related to Going Concern because Company is facing liquidity crunch and, as of date, the Company's current liabilities exceeded its current assets by Rs. 786 million.

This year Company's net loss has been decreased by 55% amounting to Rs.110 million as compared to Rs. 245 million last year.

The steps that were taken by management to improve the financial results of the Company include the following:

- Developed social media wing of each of its product to cater the conversion of customers from print/ electronic media to digital media.
- Prioritized digital advertisement as one of the main revenue stream. To get the maximum revenue out of this sector, the Company is maintaining separate websites, Face book pages, Instagram accounts, Twitter accounts, blog writing forum and snap chats for each business unit.
- Paid special attention to social media TGIF (Thank Goodness It's Friday) magazine. TGIF magazine was published on each Friday. The print version of this magazine is closed but social media of this magazine is fully active.
- Daily Aajkal Urdu Newspaper has been re launched. The paper being an Urdu news paper has covered the majority of the audience because of the commonly used language "Urdu". Daily Aajkal has been re launched with 12 numbers of pages.
- Paid special attention to advertisement revenue through supplements. The major supplement categories that were covered in this financial year include but not limited to national days of other countries, fashion industry, sports, government sector and economic sector.

However, the management of the Company is also confident that by the following further strategic changes/ improvements, the Company will cover above mentioned loss as well and will come out of this current situation to continue its business as a going concern:

- The management is starting a Web TV that will mainly cover News and Current Affairs along with Fashion and Sports events.
- The management is in planning phase to launch other weekly magazines in digital form that will cover comic, entertainment, business, travel and sports categories.
- The Management is also planning to purchase and install its offset printing machines so that the Company can offer offset printing services to outside customers as well.
- Electronic media satellite technology is being upgraded to MPEG 4. This will materially reduce the up-linking cost and will result in reduced bandwidth that is required to uplink the channels.

Future Outlook

Pakistan's media environment continued to develop and, in many cases, flourish. Since opening up in 2002, the number and range of media outlets has proliferated, so that Pakistanis now have greater access than ever before to a range of broadcasting through print, television and digital/ online media.

Increase in revenues will requires an increased focus on procuring advertisements in the electronic division of the Company. The Company is focusing heavily on both of its channels as

3/4th of the advertising business in Pakistan is currently routed to the electronic media as audiovisual medium has a stronger impact on the masses. The satellite uplinking equipment is also being upgraded to move towards MPEG 4 technology for better screen quality and reduced satellite cost. Fixed revenue deals are also being entered into to streamline cash flows.

However, the focus of advertisers has also shifted to digital media sector. In this regard the Company has already prioritized digital advertisement as one of the main revenue stream. To get the maximum revenue out of this sector, the Company is maintaining separate websites, Face book pages, Instagram accounts, Twitter accounts, blog writing forum and snap chats for each business unit.

Besides electronic and digital media, the management is also focusing on print media by focusing on policy of "7 days 7 magazines". The Management is also planning to purchase and install its offset printing machines so that the Company can offer offset printing services to outside customers as well.

Management of Media Times is fully committed to achieving excellence in all fields of its operations and maintaining the high standards of quality that Media Times is known for, both in terms of its products as well as its operational practices.

The Board of Directors of the Company in their meeting held on 06 October 2020, decided to operate the both Satellite TV Channels through two different wholly owned subsidiaries as a part of corporate restructuring wherein Electronic and Print Media businesses will be broken into three main segments. Further, Electronic Media business will be broken into two sub parts to operate two different International scale satellite Television Broadcast Channel station namely "Business Plus" and "Ziaqa". The ultimate purpose of this corporate structuring includes to operate the Electronic Media at own, or to be sold or to be liquidated as a divestiture.

The benefits to accrue from the splitting off two channels in two different entities including creation of two separate legal entities to handle different operations, which will enhance the operational capacity of the Company which will be resulted in enhanced profitability.

Moreover, the above restructuring of Electronic Media into two different entities may be used ultimately to raise capital or selling off two different segments.

Changes in Memorandum of Association

In order to carry on principal line of business through subsidiaries necessary amendements are also proposed by the Board of Directors in sub clause 1 and 04 of the object clause III of the Memorandum of Association of the Company.

The Company intends to undertake some Real estate projects either directly or through Joint ventures with other parties or undertakings which also requires necessary provision in the MOA of the Company i.e. addition of new sub clause 84 in the object clause III of the Memorandum of Association of the Company.

Principal Risks and uncertainties:

There are no principal risks and uncertainties except the auditors concerns over the material uncertainty related to Going Concern because Company is facing liquidity crunch and, as of date of Balance Sheet, the Company's current liabilities exceeded its current assets by Rs. 786 million.

Human Resource Management

The management of Media Times Limited believes strongly in principles, beliefs and philosophy of the Company where employees are treated as family members. Media Times Limited is continuously striving to provide corporate and social work environment to its employees as this helps them to work in complete harmony in a healthy and professional way.

EXECUTIVE REMUNERATION

The remuneration to the Chief Executive Officer and Executive at the Company is as follows:

	Directors			
	Chief Executive Officer		Executive Director	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	Rupees			
Managerial				
remuneration Housing	8,000,400	8,000,400	4,000,200	4,000,200
allowance	3,200,400	3,200,400	1,600,200	1,600,200
Utilities	799,200	799,200	399,600	399,600
Provision for gratuity Reimbursable	1,000,000	1,000,000	500,000	500,000
expenses	-			
	13,000,000	13,000,000	6,500,000	6,500,000
Number of persons	1	1	1	1

Code of Corporate Governance;

During the financial year 2020 revised "Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations" has been implemented which requires certain changes in the Composition of the Board and Its Committees. The Company has changed the composition of Board and its committees.

ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

New Board of Directors was elected for the term of next three years in the Extraordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Company held on 29 June 2020 and Shehrbano Taseer also retired from the board.

Composition of Board

The following persons, during the financial year, remained Directors of the Company:

Names Aamna Taseer Shehryar Ali Taseer Shahbaz Ali Taseer Mubariz Ahmad Siddiqui **Designation** Chairman CEO Director Director

Rema Hussain Qureshi Ayesha Tammy Haq Muhammad Mikail Khan	Director Director Director	
Total number of Directors	07	
a) Male:	04	
b) Female:	03	
Composition: Independent Directors Other Non-Executive Directors Executive Directors Committee of the board	02 04 01	
Audit Committee	Mr. Mubariz Ahmaad Siddiqui (Chairman) Mohammad Mikail Khan (Member) Miss Ayesha Tammy Haq (Member)	
Human Resource and Remuneration (HR&R) Committee	Mr. Mohammad Maikail Khan (Chairman) Mr. Shehryar Ali Taseer (Member) Mr. Shahbaz Ali Taseer (Member)	

The Statement of Compliance with Code of Corporate Governance is annexed.

Company's risk framework and internal control system:

The Board of Directors has implemented a Risk Management System and internal control System in the Company.

The risk Management policy specifies a role for each department that is responsible for taking appropriate measures and carrying on its own independent risk management activities.

A system of sound internal control established and implemented at all levels within the Company. The system of internal control is sound in design for ensuring achievement of Company's objectives, The Board of Directors are responsible for governance of risk and for determining the Company's level of risk tolerance by establishing Risk Management policies.

Corporate and Financial Reporting Framework:

- The financial statements together with the notes drawn up by the management present fairly the company's state of affairs, the result of its operations, cash flow and changes in equity.
- Proper books of accounts have been maintained by the company.

- Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in the preparation of the financial statements and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgment, except for changes referred in Note 4 to the financial statements.
- The international accounting standards, as applicable in Pakistan, have been followed in the preparation of financial statements and departure there from (if any) is adequately disclosed.
- Significant deviations from last year in operating results of the Company have been highlighted and reasons thereof explained above.
- There are statutory payments on account of taxes, duties, levies and charges which are outstanding and have been disclosed in Note 16 to financial statements.
- Information about loans and other debt instruments in which the Company is in default or likely to default are disclosed in Note 18 to the financial statements.

The Impact of the Company's business on the environment;

The Company's businesses has no material impact on the environment, however, the Company values the environment that it operates in and is conscious of the significant role it can play in overall improvement of the society.

Corporate Social Responsibility

The Company has provided free space to various NGOs during the year in its leading product "Daily Times" newspaper and Sunday Magazine Instagram to help them generate revenues through their appeal for funds.

Trading of Directors

During the year under review no trading in the Company shares were carried out by the Directors, CEO, CFO, Company Secretary and their spouses including any minor children.

Auditors

The present auditors M/s Grant Thornton Anjum Rehman, Chartered Accountants retire and offer themselves for reappointment. The Board of directors has recommended their appointment as auditors of the Company for the year ending June 30, 2021, at a fee to be mutually agreed.

Pattern of Shareholding

The pattern of shareholding as required under Section 227(2)(f) of the Companies Act 2017 and Listing Regulations is enclosed.

Appropriations

Keeping in view the financial constraints and requirements of the Company, the board has not recommended any dividend or bonus for the year under review.

Earnings per Share

Earnings/ (Loss) per share for the financial year ended 30 June 2020 is Rs. (0.62) 2019: Rs. (1.37).

<u>Acknowledgements</u>

Directors take this opportunity to place on record their appreciation of the dedication and commitment of employees at all levels. MTL continues to rely on its employees for its future expansion and believes in the mutual sharing of rewards that are a result of the endeavors of its employees. Directors thank and express their gratitude for the support and co-operation received from the Central and State Governments and other stakeholders including viewers, producers, vendors, financial institutions, banks, investors, service providers as well as regulatory and governmental authorities.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Lahore: 06 October 2020

Director

CEO/Director

<mark>دائر یکٹرز کی رپورٹ</mark> میڈیا ٹائمزلمیٹڈ (''MTL''یا''^{کمپن}ی'') کے ڈائر یکٹرز 30 جون 2020ء کو اختیام پذیر سال کے لئے کمپنی کی پڑتال شدہ سالانہ مالیاتی الیٹمنٹس کے ہمرہ سالانہ رپورٹ اپنے اراکین کو از راہِ مسرت پیش کرتے ہیں۔ **بنیادی کاروباری پیٹس**

MTL پرنٹ، الیکٹرونک اور ڈیجیٹل میڈیا میں فعال ہے۔ سمپنی کے بنیادی کاروباری یونٹس میں ڈیلی ٹائمنر نیوز پیپر، سنڈے میگزین، TGIF میگزین، روزنا مہآج کل، برنس پلس ٹی وی اور ذا نقہ ٹی ایف سی شامل ہیں۔علاوہ ازیں، کمپنی مذکورہ بالا کاروباری یونٹس کے آن لائن/سوشل میڈیا کے ڈیجیٹل ونگ بھی آ پریٹ کررہی ہے۔

پرنٹ میڈیا ڈیلی ٹائمنر تو می انگریزی روزنامہ ہے جوعوا م الناس کی ضروریات کے عین مطابق لا ہور، کراچی اوراسلام آباد سے بیک وقت شائع ہوتا ہے۔اور گردش کے اعتبار سے اس کا شارملک کے معروف اخباروں میں ہوتا ہے۔ بیاعلیٰ درجے کا باوثوق اور باوقار اخبار ہے۔

سنڈ ے ٹائمنر پاکستان کا معروف فیشن میگزین ہے جو عرصہ ستر ہ سال سے فیشن ، لائف سٹائل ، فنون لطیفہ ، ثقافت اور قومی سٹائل آئی کان کی بھر پورتر جمانی کررہا ہے۔ یہ میگزین ہرا توارکوڈیلی ٹائمنر کے ساتھ اعزاز کی کاپی کے طور پر پیش کیا جاتا ہے۔ آج کل ایک اردوروز نامہ ہے۔اوراپنے افتتاح سے لے کرآج تک مارکیٹ میں کا میابی سے اپنی پہچان بنائے ہوئے ہے اور پاکستان بھر میں اپنی گردش بڑھانے اور تشہیر کے لئے سلسل کا شاں ہے۔ الیکٹرونک میڈیا

برنس پلس ٹی وی پاکستان کا واحد کار دباری چینل ہے۔اسی وجہ سے پیک آورز میں اس کے ناظرین کی تعداد بہت زیادہ ہے اور سامعین کو کار وباری معلومات سے بھر پور مواد پیش کر کے اُنہیں مطمئن کرر ہاہے۔جدید پر وگرا منگ متعارف کرانے سے اس پر وڈکٹ کے مارکیٹ شیئر میں مزیداضا فدہوا ہے اور نیتجناً اس کی آمدنی کا گراف بھی ترقی کی طرف گامزن ہے۔ ذاکفتہ TFC نے اس شعبہ میں کافی حد تک خلاکو پُر کیا ہے۔اس شعبہ کے تمام بڑے مشتہرین ذاکفتہ پرایڈور ٹائز نگ کرتے ہیں۔اور یہ مفر د درجوں کے صارفین خصوصاً خواتین میں بہت مقبول ہے اور وہ اسے گھر کا ایک فرد تکھتے ہیں۔انڈ سڑی کے **آن لائن/ ڈیجیٹل میڈیا** کمپنی کی انتظامیہ اپنے ڈیجیٹل ونگ پر بھر پور توجہ دے رہی ہے۔ کمپنی کا ڈیجیٹل ونگ ایڈورٹائز رز کے لئے ایک حجت کے نیچ تمام سہولیات کے نظریہ کو بروئے کا رلانے میں کوشاں ہے۔ ایڈورٹائز رز کی سوشل میڈیا کی طرف شش کی وجہ سے کمپنی مندرجہ ذیل پروڈکٹس کے لئے علیحدہ ویب سائٹس، فیس بک پیچز، انسٹا گرام اورٹوئٹرا کا وُنٹس، بلاگ رائٹنگ فو رمز اورسنیپ چیٹس جیسی سہولیات استعال کررہی ہے۔

د يلى ٹائمنر نيوز پيپر

- تصينكس گذنيس الش فرائيد _،TGIF ميگزين
 - بزنس پلس
 - ذائقە ئى ايف سى

مالياتى جائزه

ز ریے جائزہ مدت کے دوران کمپنی نے گذشتہ برس میں 244.5 ملین روپے خسارہ کے مقابلہ میں زیر جائزہ سال کے دوران 110 ملین روپے خسارہ علاوہ ٹیکس رپورٹ کیا ہے۔ٹرن اوور/آمدنی گذشتہ برس میں 177.2 ملین روپے کے مقابلہ میں 156.5 ملین روپے رہی۔

پيداوارى لاگت گذشته برس ميں 193.7 ملين روپے كے مقابلہ ميں 138.5 ملين روپے رہى۔ جب كەانىظامى اور فروخت اخراجات 49.6 ملين روپ رہے (مالياتى سال 20-2019: 83.9 ملين روپ اور مالياتى سال 19-2018: 133.5 ملين روپ) قرضوں پر لاگت ميں بھى 0.4 ملين روپ كى واقع ہوئى (مالياتى سال 20-2019: 52 ملين روپ اور مالياتى سال 19-2018: 52.5 ملين روپ) م

مندرجہذیل عوامل کی وجہ سے آمدنی میں کمی واقع ہوئی ہے:

مالیاتی سال20-2019 کی آخری دوسه ماہی میں کورونا وبا، حکومتی تشہیری مہم میں عدم دلچیپی اور صارفین کی پرنٹ میڈیا سے سوشل میڈیا میں تشہیر کی وجہ سے میڈیا انڈسٹری بری طرح متاثر ہوئی ہے۔ مذکورہ بالاعوامل کی وجہ سے آمدنی میں کمی کے اثرات سے نبر د آزما ہونے کے لئے کمپنی نے پروڈکشن کا سٹ اورا نظامی وسیلنگ اخراجات کو کم کرنے کے لئے رائٹ سائز نگ اور پروڈکشن سروسز آؤٹ سورسنگ جیسے اقدامات اٹھائے ہیں ۔مزید بر آں مالیاتی الٹیٹمنٹس میں بیان کئے گئے کمپنی کے تفصیلی نہائج ساتھ منسلک ہیں؛ تاہم امسال چیدہ چیدہ تفصیلات حسب ذیل ہیں:

نفع ونقصان اكاؤنث

	(ملين روپوں ميں)		
	<i>⊧</i> 2020	<i>₅</i> 2019	
ٹرن اوور (منافع)	156	177	
مجموع نفع(نقصان)	18	(17)	
انتظامى وفروخت يراخراجات	84	134	
قرضوں پرلاگت	52.1	52.5	
ديگراخراجات	0.49	14	
خساره علاوه ليكسيشن	(110)	(245)	
فی حصص آمد نی (بنیا دی و ڈائی لیوٹڈ)	(0.62)	(1.37)	
بيلنس شيٺ			
متغيرا ثا نهرجات	226	276	
خالص حاليدا ثانثدجات	(786)	(726)	
متغيرواجبات	285	291	
سرمانيفص اورذ خائر	(845)	(742)	
	1.		

. سمپنی فیصل بینک کے ساتھ قرضوں پر نظر ثانی کررہی ہے۔اس تناظر میں، بنیادی قرضہ اور متعلقہ مارک اپ کی ادائیگی کے لئے کمپنی نے ایک ڈرافٹ پیشکش کی ہے اور بینک کی اعلیٰ انتظامیہ اس پر خور کررہی ہے۔ سمپنی کی کاروبار جاری رکھنے کی صلاحیت

30 جون 2020ء کو اختتام پذیر سال کے لئے خود مختار آڈیٹرز کی رپورٹ کے تحت آڈیٹرز نے کاروبار جاری رکھنے سے متعلق بیٹینی کا اظہار کیا ہے کیونکہ کمپنی سرمایہ کی کمی کا سامنا کررہی ہے اور اب تک کمپنی کے موجودہ واجبات موجودہ اثاثہ جات سے 786 ملین روپے کم ہیں۔ امسال کمپنی کا خالص خسارہ 55 فی کمی کے ساتھ 245 ملین روپے سے 110 ملین روپے ہو گیا ہے۔ کمپنی کے مالیاتی نتائج کوبہتر کرنے کے لئے انتظامیہ نے مندرجہ ذیل اقد امات اٹھائے ہیں :

- صارفین کی پرنٹ/الیکٹرونک میڈیا سے ڈیجیٹل میڈیا میں منتقلی سے نبرد آ زما ہونے کے لئے کمپنی نے اپنے تمام پروڈ کٹ کے سوشل میڈیاونگ قائم کئے ہیں۔
- ترجیحی ڈیجیٹل تشہیر آمدنی کا ایک بنیادی ذریعہ ہے۔ اس شعبہ سے زیادہ سے زیادہ آمدنی حاصل کرنے کے لئے کمپنی نے ہر کاروباری یونٹ کے لئے علیحدہ ویب سائٹس، فیس بک پیجبز، انسٹا گرام اور ٹوئٹر اکا ؤنٹس، بلاگ فورم اور سنیپ چیٹس تیار کئے ہیں۔
- سوشل میڈیا TGIF (تھینک گوڈنیس اٹس فرائیڈے) میگزین پر بھر پورتوجہ دی گئی ہے۔ TGIF میگزین ہر جمعہ کو شائع ہوتا ہے۔ اس میگزین کا پرنٹ متن بند ہو چکا ہے لیکن سوشل میڈیا میں یہ میگزین کممل فعال ہے۔
- کمپنی نے اپنے اردوروز نامہ'' آج کل'' کی تجدید کی ہے۔اردواخبار ہونے کی وجہ سے کثیر تعداد میں لوگ اسے پڑھتے ہیں۔روز نامہ آج کل 12 صفحات کے ساتھ دوبارہ متعارف کرایا گیا ہے۔
- خصوصی اشاعت کے ذریع تشہیر پرخصوصی توجہ دی جارہی ہے۔ مالیاتی سال20-2019 میں جن شعبوں پرخصوصی اشاعت کی جارہی ہے ان میں دیگر مما لک کے قومی دن، فیشن انڈسٹری، کھیل، حکومتی شعبے اور اقتصادی شعبے شامل ہیں۔

تا ہم کمپنی کی انتظام یہ حکمت عملی میں مندرجہ ذیل تبدیلیوں پڑمل کر کے اپنے مذکورہ بالاخسارہ پر قابو پالے گی اور کا روباری جاری رکھنے کی صلاحیت میں ابہام کے حالیہ مسکلہ کوحل کر لے گی۔

- کمپنی کی انتظامیہایک ویب ٹی وی کا آغاز کرنے والی ہے جوفیشن اور کھیل کے علاوہ خبروں اور حالات حاضر کے پروگراموں پر بنی ہوگا۔
- انتظامیہ ڈیجیٹل صورت میں دیگر ہفتہ دار میگزین متعارف کرانے کے ابتدائی مرحلہ میں ہے۔ یہ میگزین مزاح، تفریح، کار دبار، سیاحت ادر کھیل کے شعبوں پر محیط ہوگا۔
- انتظامیہا پنی آف سیٹ پرنٹنگ مشین کی خریداری اور تنصیب کی بھی منصوبہ بندی کررہی ہے تا کہ کمپنی ہیرونی کسٹمرز کو بھی آف سیٹ پرنٹنگ کی خدمات پیش کر سکے۔
- الیکٹرونک میڈیاسیٹلائٹ ٹیکنالوجی کی MPEG میں تجدید کی گئی ہے۔ اس طرح اپ کنکنگ لاگت میں نمایاں کمی آئے گی اور چینلز کواپ لنک کرنے کے لئے ضروری کم بینڈ وتھ حاصل ہوگی۔

مستقبل كامنظرنامه

پاکستان کا میڈیا بہتری کی جانب گامزن ہےاور کٹی صورتوں میں کا میاب ہو چکا ہے۔2002ء میں افتتاح سے لے کرآج تک میڈیا آؤٹ لیٹس کی تعداداورا قسام وسیع پیانے پر پھیل چکے ہیں۔اوراب پا کستانی عوام کو پرنٹ، ٹیلی ویژن اور ڈیجیٹل/ آن لائن میڈیا کے ذریعے کٹی اقسام کی نشریات تک رسائی حاصل ہے۔

آمدنی میں اضافہ کے لئے تمینی کے الیکٹرونک ڈویژن میں اشتہارات کے حصول پر بھر پور توجہ کی ضرورت ہے۔ تمینی اپنے دونوں چینلز پر بھر پور توجہ دےرہی ہے۔ چونکہ لوگوں پر سمعی وبھری ذرائع بھر پورا ثر ڈالتے ہیں لہٰذا پا کستان میں تشہیری کا روبار کا تین چوتھائی حصہ الیکٹرونک میڈیا پر ششتل ہے۔4 MPEG ٹیکنالو جی سے ہم آ ہنگ ہونے کی غرض سے ان سیٹلائیٹ اپ لنگنگ آلات کی تجدید بھی کی جارہی ہے۔ جس سے سکرین کو الٹی میں بہتری اور سیٹلا کٹ کا سٹ میں کمی واقع ہوگی ۔ مستقل آمدنی کی ڈیلز کو سٹریم لائن کیش فلوز میں داخل کیا جارہا ہے۔

تشہیری کمپنیوں کی توجہ بھی اب ڈیجیٹل میڈیا کی جانب ہے۔ اس تناظر میں کمپنی نے ڈیجیٹل میڈیا کوبل از وقت ترخیح دینا شروع کر دی ہے۔ اس شعبہ سے بہترین آمدنی حاصل کرنے کے لئے کمپنی ہر کاروباری یونٹ کے لئے علیحدہ علیحدہ ویب سائٹ، فیس بک پیجز ،انسٹا گرام اورٹوئٹرا کا ؤنٹس ،بلاگ رائٹنگ فورمزاورسنیپ چیٹس چلار ہی ہے۔ الیکٹرونک اورڈیجیٹل میڈیا کےعلاوہ انتظامیہ سات دن سات میگزین 'حکمت عملی کے ذریعے پرنٹ میڈیا پر بھی توجہ دے رہی

آف سیٹ پرنٹنگ کی خدمات پیش کر سکے۔ میڈیا ٹائمنر کی انتظامیداینے آپریشنز کے تمام شعبوں میں کامیابی حاصل کرنے اورا پنااعلیٰ معیار برقر ارر کھنے کے لئے برعز م ہے

سمینی کے بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز نے اپنے اجلاس منعقدہ 106 کتوبر 2002ء میں دونوں سیٹلا ئٹ چینلز کو دومختلف کلی طور پر ملکیتی ذیلی کمپنیوں کے ذریعے چلانے کا فیصلہ کیا ہے۔ جو کارپوریٹ ری سٹر کچرنگ کا ایک حصبہ ہے جہاں الیکٹر ونک اور پرنٹ میڈیا کا روبارتین بنیادی شعبوں میں تبدیل ہوجا کیں گے۔ مزید بیہ کہ الیکٹر ونک میڈیا دومختلف بین الاقوامی سطح کے سیٹلا ئٹ ٹیلیویژن بروڈ کا سٹ چینل اسٹیشن' برنس پلس''اور' ذا کقہ' دوذیلی حصوں میں تقسیم ہوجائے گا۔ اس کارپوریٹ سٹر کچرنگ کا بنیادی مقصد الیکٹرونک میڈیا کو خود مختار بنانایا سے فروخت یا لیکویڈ بیٹ کرنا ہے۔ دوچینلوں کو دومختلف اداروں میں تقسیم کرنے یعنی مختلف امور بروئے کا رلانے کے لئے دومختلف داروں کی تشکیل سے

دو چیلوں لودومختلف اداروں میں مسیم کرنے میں محتلف امور بروئے کارلانے کے لئے دوملیحدہ قانو کی اداروں کی تفکیل سے سمپنی کی فعالی صلاحیت میں اضافہ ہوگا اور نیتجناً کمپنی کونفع حاصل ہوگا۔

مزید برآن،الیکٹرونک میڈیا کی دومختلف اداروں میں مذکورہ بالاری سٹر کچرنگ دومختلف شعبوں کی فروخت اور سرماییداری ک لئے استعال ہوسکتی ہے۔

ميمورندم آف ايسوس ايشنت ميس تبديلياں

ذیلی کمپنیوں کے ذریعے بنیادی کاروباری امور چلانے کے لئے بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرزنے کمپنی کے میمورنڈم آف ایسوسی ایشن ک آبجیکٹ کلازااا کی ذیلی شق 1 اور 04 میں لازمی ترمیم کی تجویز دی ہے۔

سمپنی براہ راست یا دیگر فریقین یا کمپنیوں سے جوائٹٹ وینچر کے ذریعے مختلف ریئل اسٹیٹ پروجیکٹس پر کام کرنے کا اردہ رکھتی ہے۔جس کے لئے کمپنی کے MOA میں یعنی کمپنی کے میمورنڈ م آف ایسوسی ایشن کی آ بجیکٹ کلا زالا میں ذیلی شق نمبر 84 کا اضافہ درکار ہے۔

بنيادى خدشات اورغير يقيني

کاروباری جاری رکھنے میں بے یقینی سے متعلق آڈیٹرز کے تحفظات کے علاوہ بنیادی خدشات اور بے یقینی موجود نہ ہے کیونکہ تمپنی سرمایہ کی کی بحران کا شکار ہے اور بیلنس شیٹ کی تاریخ تک کمپنی کے حالیہ واجبات موجود ہا ثاثہ جات سے 786 ملین روپے سے تجاوز کر چکے ہیں۔

ہیومن ریسورس مینجمنٹ

میڈیا ٹائمنرلمیٹڈ کی انتظامیہ کمپنی کے اصول وضوابط اور فلسفہ پرکلی یقین رکھتی ہے جہاں ملاز مین کے ساتھ فیملی ممبر کی طرح روبیہ رکھا جاتا ہے۔میڈیا ٹائمنرلمیٹڈ اپنے ملاز مین کوکا روباری وسماجی ورک انوائز نمنٹ فراہم کرنے کے لئے کوشاں ہے کیونکہ اس طرح ملاز مین صحت منداور پیشہ درانہ طریقہ سے کمل اعتماد کے ساتھ کام کرنے کے قابل ہوتے ہیں۔

ايكز يكثوز كامعاوضه سمپنی کے چیف ایگزیکٹو **آفیسراورا یگزیکٹو کا معاوضہ حسب ذیل ہے**: ڈائر یکٹرز

•••••	رقم روپوں میں								
يكٹو	ا يگز		ا يگزيکٽوڏ	يكثوآ فيسر	چيف ا گَزَ				
€2019	¢2020	¢2019	¢2020	<i></i>	¢2020				
9,664,796	11,943,933	4,00,200	4,00,200	8,000,400	8,000,400	انتظامى مشاہيرہ			
2,995,982	4,777,932	1,600,200	1,600,200	3,200,400	3,200,400	ا نتظامی مشاہیرہ ہاؤسنگ الاؤنس			
748,153	1,193,139	399,600	399,600	799,200	799,200	سهوليات			
2,089,588	1,086,667	500,000	500,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	گريجوايڻ			
763,320	897,000	-	-	-	_	واجبالادااخراجات			
16,261,839	19,898,671	6,500,000	6,500,000	13,000,000	13,000,000				
5	7	1	1	1	1	افرادکی تعداد			

كود آف كار بوريث گورنس

مالیاتی سال2020ء کے دوران'' نظر ثانی شدہ لٹر کمپنیز (کوڈ آفکار پوریٹ گورنٹس) ضوابط'' کااطلاق کیا گیا ہے جسے کے تحت بورڈ اوراس کی کمیٹیوں کی ترکیب میں پھھ تبدیلیاں مطلوب ہیں۔کمپنی نے بورڈ اوراس کمیٹیوں کی ترکیب تبدیل کر دی

ہے۔ **ڈائر یکٹرز کاانتخاب** 29 جون 2020 ءکو کمپنی کے صص داران کے غیر معمولی اجلاس عام میں اگلے تین برس کے لئے نیا بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز فنتخب کیا گیا تھااور شیر بانو تا ثیر بورڈ سے ریٹائر ہو چکی ہیں۔

			بورڈ کی تر کیب
:	ر ہے	ن مندرجہ ذیل افراد کمپنی کے ڈائر کیٹرز	مالیاتی سال کےدوران
عبده		זח	
يئزمين	Ş	آمنه نا شير	
CEC	C	شهر یا رعلی تا شیر	
ائریکٹر	ۋ	شهبا زعلى تا شير	
ائریکٹر	ڑ	شهربا نوتا ثير	
ائریکٹر	ۇ	مبارزاحد صديقي	
ائریکٹر	ۇ	ريماحسين قريثي	
ائریکٹر		عائشة تمي حق	
ا تریکٹر	ۇ	محدميكا ئيل خان	
	07	ائر يكثرز ككل تعداد	ۇ ا
	04	مرد (a	
	03	b) خواتين	
			تركيب:
	02	آ زاد دائر یکٹرز	
	04	د گیرنان ایگزیکٹوڈائر یکٹرز	
	01	ا بَکِّرَ بِکِٹُوڈائرَ بِکٹرز	
			بورڈ کمیٹیاں 1
سٹر مبارزاحد صدیقی (چیئر مین)		آ ڈٹ ^{کمی} ٹی	
ر میکائیل خان(رکن) م			
س ټي حق (رکن)	مر ا		J

ہیومن ریسورس اینڈ ریمونریش	مسٹر محمد میکائیل خان(چیئر مین)
(HR&R) كميش	مسٹرشہر یا رعلی تا خیر(رکن)
	مسٹرشہبازعلی تا ثیر(رکن)

کوڈ آف کار پوریٹ گورنس کانٹیلی بیان لف ہذا ہے۔ سمپنی کارسک فریم ورک اور داخلی ظلم وضبط بورڈ آف ڈ ائر یکٹرز نے کمپنی رسک پنجنٹ سٹم اور داخلی نظم وضبط کا نظام نافذ کیا ہے۔ رسک پنجنٹ پالیسی ہر شعبہ کا کر دار واضح کرتی ہے جواپنی رسک پنجنٹ سرگر میوں کو بروئے کارلانے اور موز وں اقد امات کرنے کے لئے ذمہ دار ہوتا ہے۔ سمپنی میں تمام سطحوں پر مربوط داخلی صبط کا نظام قائم اور رائح کیا گیا ہے۔ داخلی صبط کا نظام تلوں پر وضع کیا گیا ہے جو کورنی کے مقاصد کو پورا کرنے کی یقین دہانی کرا تا ہے۔ بورڈ آف ڈ ائر کیٹرز رسک پنجمنٹ پالیسیوں کو وضع کرتے کیا گیا ہے جو گور نیس اور رسک بر داشت کرنے کے درجہ کافتین کرنے کے ذمہ دار ہیں۔

کاروباری و مالیاتی رپورٹنگ فریم ورک ۱۹ الاتی^{سٹی}ٹمنٹس اور انتظام سر تحریری انا یہ تمینی سرکار و ارکی امیریا آمریشنز سرز ایج پکیش

- الیاتی ^{سیم}نٹس اورا نظامیہ کے تحریری بیانات سمپنی کے کاروباری امور، آپریشنز کے نتائج ، کیش فلواورا یکو پٹی میں تبدیلی کی بھر پورعکاسی کرتے ہیں۔
 - کمپنی نے کھا توں کی با قاعدہ کتابیں تیار کی ہیں۔ سٹیرہ
- الیاتی اسیمنٹس کی تیاری میں مناسب اکاؤنٹنگ پالیسیوں کا لگاتا راطلاق کیا گیا ہے اور ماسوائے مالیاتی اسیمنٹس کے نوٹ 4 میں بیان کی گئی تبدیلیوں کے علاوہ اکاؤنٹنگ تخمینہ جات معقول اور مختاط فیصلوں کی بنیا د پرلگائے جاتے۔
- الیاتی الیشنٹس کی تیاری میں پاکستان میں لا گوبین الاقوامی اکاؤنٹنگ اصولوں کی پیروی کی گئی ہے۔اوراس میں حذف کئے گئے مواد(اگرکوئی ہے) کو معقول انداز میں خلا ہر کیا گیا ہے۔
- کمپنی کے فعالی نتائج میں گذشتہ برس سے نمایاں انحراف کو واضح کیا گیا ہے اور اس کی وجو ہات کو او پر واضح کیا گیا ہے۔
- محصولات، ڈیوٹیز، لیویز اور جرمانوں کی مدمیں واجب الادا قانونی ادائیگیاں موجود ہیں اور انہیں مالیاتی المیٹنٹس کے نوٹ 16 میں بیان کیا گیا ہے۔
- قرضوں اور دیگر قرضہ دستاویزات جن میں نمپنی نا دہندہ ہے یا نا دہندہ ہو سکتی ہے کو مالیاتی الٹیمٹس کے نوٹ 18 میں

واضح کیا گیاہے۔ همپنی کاروبار کاماحول پراتر کمپنی کے کاروباری امور کے ماحول پر بالکل اثرات نہیں ہوتے تا ہم کمپنی ماحول کے تحفظ کواہمیت دیتی ہےاور ساجی فلاح و بہبود میں اپنانمایاں کردارادا کرنے کے لئے برعز م ہے۔ کاروباری دساجی ذمہ داری کمپنی نے اپنی معروف پروڈ کٹ' ڈیلی ٹائمنز' میں متعدد غیر منافع بخش اداروں کومفت جگہ فراہم کی ہےتا کہ وہ عطیات کی اپیل کے ذریعے ایناریوینوا کٹھا کر سکیں۔ دائر يكٹرز كى تحارت ز ریجائزہ سال کے دوران ڈائر بکٹرز ، CFO، CEO، کمپنی سیکریٹری اوران کی اہلیہاور نابالغ بچوں نے کمپنی کے صص میں کوئی تجارت نہ کی ہے۔ آڈیٹرز حالیهآ ڈیٹرزمیسرزگرانٹ تھارنٹن انجم دحمٰن، حارٹرڈا کا دُنٹنٹس ریٹائر ہو چکے ہیںاوراپنی دوبارہ تقرری کی پیشکش کرتے ہیں۔ بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز نے 30 جون 2021ء کواختتام پذیر سال کے لئے بطور کمپنی آ ڈیٹرز باہمی طے شدہ معاوضہ پران کی تقرری کی سفارش کی ہے۔ شيئر ہولڈنگ کی وضع کمپنیزا یک 2017ء کے سیکشن (f)(2)227اورلسٹنگ ریگولیشنز کے تحت شیئر ہولڈنگ کی وضع لف مذاہے۔ تخصيص مالیاتی مجبور یوں اور کمپنی کی ضروریات کومدنظرر کھتے ہوئے بورڈ نے زیر جائز ہ سال کے لئے منافع منقسمہ یا بونس تجویز نہیں کیا -4 فيحص آمدني 30 جون 19 20ء کو اختتام پذیر سال کے لئے فی تحصص آمدنی / (خسارہ) (37 . 1) رویے ہے ۔ 20 18: (1.28) رویے۔

اعترافات اس موقع کا فائدہ اٹھاتے ہوئے ڈائر یکٹرزتمام شعبوں میں ملاز مین کے جذبہ اور عزم کو سرا ہے ہیں۔MTL مستقبل میں توسیع وترقی کے لئے ملاز مین پرکمل طور پر انحصار کرتی ہے اور ملاز مین کی محنت کے نتیج میں کا میابی کی باہمی شراکت پر یفین رکھتی ہے۔ڈائر یکٹر مرکز کی وصوبائی حکومتوں اور دیگر سٹیک ہولڈرز بشمول ناظرین، پروڈ یوسرز، وینڈرز، مالیاتی اداروں، مینکس ، سرما پیداروں، سروس پر دوائڈرز اورر یگو لیٹر کی وحکومتی اتھار ٹیز کی حمایت اور تعاون کو بھی قدر کی نظاف سے دیکھتی ہے۔

برائے/منجانب بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز

CEO / ڈائزیکٹر

ڈائر یکٹر

لاہور: 06اکتوبر2020ء

Media Times Limited KEY OPERATING AND FINANCIAL INDICATORS

KEY INDICATORS

		2014 (Restated)	2015 (Restated)	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Operating result Net Revenue Gross profit/ (loss) Profit / (loss) before tax Profit / (loss) after tax		(16061103) 310,049,444 (66,182,750) (388,517,181) (565,231,713)	(16504163) 325,619,043 (80,072,563) (216,515,422) (216,515,422)	377,892,177 (16,328,094) (144,045,066) (148,364,034)	385,849,282 47,893,357 (73,879,032) (80,072,573)	354,887,897 39,236,980 (219,383,186) (229,271,579)	177,165,827 (16,523,201) (243,688,213) (244,506,124)	156,452,269 17,969,927 (107,618,743) (110,019,052)
Financial Position Shareholder's equity Property,plant & equipment Net current assets		193,476,711 717,353,139 (391,147,090)	(20,875,846) 608,174,155 (447,772,879)	(169,505,150) 503,680,965 (469,385,079)	(247,481,486) 415,484,200 (443,887,824)	(478,597,121) 333,180,026 (539,081,530)	(741,600,502) 267,951,455 (726,127,475)	(844,831,636) 218,482,439 (786,309,724)
Profitability Gross profit/(loss) Profit before tax/(loss) Profit after tax/(loss)	% % %	(21.35) (125.31) (182.30)	(24.59) (66.49) (66.49)	(4.32) (38.12) (39.26)	12.41 (19.15) (20.75)	11.06 (61.82) (64.60)	(9.33) (137.55) (138.01)	11.49 (68.79) (70.32)
Performance Fixed assets turnover Return on equity Return on capital employed	Times % %	0.43 (2.92) (1.73)	0.54 (10.37) (1.03)	0.75 (0.88) (4.33)	0.93 (0.32) (2.82)	1.07 (0.48) (1.11)	0.66 (0.33) (0.53)	0.72 (0.13) (0.19)
Liquidity Current Quick	Times Times	0.29 0.29	0.29 0.29	0.27 0.26	0.26 0.25	0.19 0.19	0.06 0.06	0.07 0.07
Valuation Earning/(loss) per share Break up vale per share	Rs. Rs.	(3.16) 1.08	(1.21) (0.12)	(0.83) (0.95)	(0.45) (1.38)	(1.28) (2.68)	(1.37) (4.15)	(0.62) (4.72)

<u>FORM 34</u>

THE COMPANIES ACT, 2017 (Section 227(2)(f)) PATTERN OF SHAREHOLDING

1. CUIN (Registration Number)

0042608

2 Name of the Company

MEDIA TIMES LIMITED

3. Pattern of holding of the shares held by the shareholders as at

30-06-2020

Shareholdings					
4 No. of Shareholders	From	Ũ	То	Total Shares Held	
201			100	2.405	
204	1	-	100	3,495	
306	101	-	500	147,634	
317	501	-	1,000	308,097	
781	1,001	-	5,000	2,448,014	
391	5,001	-	10,000	3,284,529	
156	10,001	-	15,000	2,099,137	
128	15,001	-	20,000	2,397,577	
95	20,001	-	25,000	2,250,631	
53	25,001	-	30,000	1,527,500	
38	30,001	-	35,000	1,259,201	
39	35,001	-	40,000	1,508,000	
20	40,001	-	45,000	854,000	
66	45,001	-	50,000	3,265,100	
18	50,001	-	55,000	955,500	
14	55,001	-	60,000	813,300	
13	60,001	-	65,000	830,405	
9	65,001	-	70,000	627,000	
10	70,001	-	75,000	739,000	
11	75,001	-	80,000	871,000	
8	80,001	-	85,000	664,000	
4	85,001	-	90,000	354,500	
1	90,001	-	95,000	95,000	
51	95,001	-	100,000	5,095,000	
5	100,001	-	105,000	513,000	
2	105,001	-	110,000	216,000	
6	110,001	-	115,000	678,000	
1	115,001	-	120,000	119,000	
7	120,001	-	125,000	871,000	
5	125,001	-	130,000	640,000	
3	130,001	-	135,000	393,500	
2	135,001	-	140,000	277,500	
2	140,001	-	145,000	288,500	
8	145,001	-	150,000	1,198,000	
4	150,001	-	155,000	619,000	
4	155,001	-	160,000	636,000	
3	160,001	-	165,000	488,055	
1	170,001	-	175,000	173,500	
1	175,001	-	180,000	175,500	
2	185,001	-	190,000	377,500	
3	190,001	-	195,000	579,000	
7	195,001	-	200,000	1,399,500	
2	200,001	-	205,000	407,500	
3	205,001	-	210,000	626,500	
1	215,001	-	220,000	218,123	

-	220,001	225,000	1,349,500
-	230,001	235,000	235,000
-	235,001	240,000	240,000
-	245,001	250,000	1,000,000
-	255,001	260,000	514,101
-	270,001	275,000	821,000
-	280,001	285,000	568,715
-	295,001	300,000	1,496,000
-	305,001	310,000	310,000
-	320,001	325,000	1,297,672
-	325,001	330,000	329,500
-	335,001	340,000	672,500
-	345,001	350,000	695,500
-	370,001	375,000	373,000
-	380,001	385,000	380,625
-	395,001	400,000	400,000
-	400,001	405,000	805,500
-	420,001	425,000	422,000
-	445,001	450,000	450,000
-	455,001	460,000	460,000
-	465,001	470,000	470,000
_	495,001	500,000	3,999,500
-	505,001	510,000	1,017,429
-	530,001	535,000	535,000
_	560,001	565,000	560,500
_	590,001	595,000	594,500
_	595,001	600,000	599,000
	620,001	625,000	625,000
-		635,000	632,500
-	630,001 665,001	670,000	1,337,700
-		815,000	815,000
-	810,001		
-	965,001	970,000	968,000
-	995,001	1,000,000	2,000,000
-	1,000,001	1,005,000	1,005,000
-	1,040,001	1,045,000	1,042,500
-	1,075,001	1,080,000	1,080,000
-	1,145,001	1,150,000	1,150,000
-	1,190,001	1,195,000	1,191,035
-	1,270,001	1,275,000	1,272,675
-	1,495,001	1,500,000	1,500,000
-	1,595,001	1,600,000	1,600,000
-	1,855,001	1,860,000	1,859,000
-	1,945,001	1,950,000	1,949,500
-	1,995,001	2,000,000	2,000,000
-	2,495,001	2,500,000	5,000,000
-	3,170,001	3,175,000	3,175,000
-	3,185,001	3,190,000	3,188,500
-	3,335,001	3,340,000	3,339,500
-	3,995,001	4,000,000	4,000,000
-	4,195,001	4,200,000	4,199,500
-	4,225,001	4,230,000	4,229,000
-	6,230,001	6,235,000	6,233,500
-	14,300,001	14,305,000	14,304,500
-	45,260,001	45,265,000	45,264,760
	-,,	. , -	



M M M M M M M M M M M M M M M M M M M	Directors, CEO and their Spouse and Minor Children Ars. Aamna Taseer Ar. Shehryar Ali Taseer Ar. Shahbaz Ali Taseer As. Ayesha Tammy Haq Aiss. Rema Husain Qureshi Ar. Mohammad Makail Khan Ar. Mubariz Ahmed Siddiqui Chief Executive Officer 600) share of (Shehryar Ali Taseer CEO) Directors spouse & minor children 500) share of Rema Husain Qureshi (spouse of CEO) Executive / Executives' spouse	1,000 600 500 500 500 500 -	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00
M M M M M M M M M M M M M M M M M M M	Ars. Aamna Taseer Ar. Shehryar Ali Taseer Ar. Shahbaz Ali Taseer As. Ayesha Tammy Haq Aiss. Rema Husain Qureshi Ar. Mohammad Makail Khan Ar. Mubariz Ahmed Siddiqui Chief Executive Officer 600) share of (Shehryar Ali Taseer CEO) Directors spouse & minor children 500) share of Rema Husain Qureshi (spouse of CEO)	600 600 500 500 500	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00
M M M M M M 5.1 (b) Cl (6 5.1(c) D (5 5.1.1 E 5.2 A a) Fi b) Fi c) A 5.3 N 5.4 Ba 5.5 In	Mr. Shehryar Ali Taseer Mr. Shahbaz Ali Taseer Ms. Ayesha Tammy Haq Miss. Rema Husain Qureshi Mr. Mohammad Makail Khan Mr. Mubariz Ahmed Siddiqui Chief Executive Officer 600) share of (Shehryar Ali Taseer CEO) Directors spouse & minor children 500) share of Rema Husain Qureshi (spouse of CEO)	600 600 500 500 500	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00
MM MM 5.1 (b) Cl (6 5.1(c) D (5 5.1.1 Ex 5.2 A a) Fi b) Fi c) A 5.3 N 5.4 Ba 5.5 In	Ar. Shahbaz Ali Taseer As. Ayesha Tammy Haq Aiss. Rema Husain Qureshi Ar. Mohammad Makail Khan Ar. Mubariz Ahmed Siddiqui Chief Executive Officer 600) share of (Shehryar Ali Taseer CEO) Directors spouse & minor children 500) share of Rema Husain Qureshi (spouse of CEO)	600 500 500 500	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00
MM MM 5.1 (b) Cl (6 5.1(c) D (5 5.1.1 Ex 5.2 A a) Fi b) Fi c) A 5.3 N 5.4 Ba 5.5 In	As. Ayesha Tammy Haq Aiss. Rema Husain Qureshi Ar. Mohammad Makail Khan Ar. Mubariz Ahmed Siddiqui Chief Executive Officer 600) share of (Shehryar Ali Taseer CEO) Directors spouse & minor children 500) share of Rema Husain Qureshi (spouse of CEO)	500 500 500	0.00 0.00 0.00
M M M M M M M M M M M M M M M M M M M	Miss. Rema Husain Qureshi Ar. Mohammad Makail Khan Ar. Mubariz Ahmed Siddiqui Chief Executive Officer 600) share of (Shehryar Ali Taseer CEO) Directors spouse & minor children 500) share of Rema Husain Qureshi (spouse of CEO)	500 500	0.00 0.00
M M M 5.1 (b) C (6 5.1(c) D (5 5.1.1 E 5.2 A a) Fi b) Fi c) A 5.3 N 5.4 Ba 5.5 In	Ar. Mohammad Makail Khan Ar. Mubariz Ahmed Siddiqui C hief Executive Officer 600) share of (Shehryar Ali Taseer CEO) Directors spouse & minor children 500) share of Rema Husain Qureshi (spouse of CEO)	500	0.00
M 5.1 (b) C (6 5.1(c) D (5 5.1.1 E 5.2 A a) Fi b) Fi c) A 5.3 N 5.4 Ba 5.5 In	Ar. Mubariz Ahmed Siddiqui C hief Executive Officer 600) share of (Shehryar Ali Taseer CEO) Directors spouse & minor children 500) share of Rema Husain Qureshi (spouse of CEO)		
(6 5.1(c) D (5 5.1.1 E 5.2 A a) Fi b) Fi c) A 5.3 N 5.4 Ba 5.5 In	600) share of (Shehryar Ali Taseer CEO) Directors spouse & minor children 500) share of Rema Husain Qureshi (spouse of CEO)	-	-
(6 5.1(c) D (5 5.1.1 E 5.2 A a) Fi b) Fi c) A 5.3 N 5.4 Ba 5.5 In	600) share of (Shehryar Ali Taseer CEO) Directors spouse & minor children 500) share of Rema Husain Qureshi (spouse of CEO)	-	
(5 5.1.1 Es 5.2 A a) Fi b) Fi c) A 5.3 N 5.4 Ba 5.5 In	500) share of Rema Husain Qureshi (spouse of CEO)	-	
(5 5.1.1 Es 5.2 A a) Fi b) Fi c) A 5.3 N 5.4 Ba 5.5 In	500) share of Rema Husain Qureshi (spouse of CEO)	-	
5.1.1 E 5.2 A a) Fi b) Fi c) A 5.3 N 5.4 Ba 5.5 In			-
 5.2 A a) Fi b) Fi c) A 5.3 N 5.4 Ba 5.5 In 	executive / Executives' spouse		
a) Fi b) Fi c) A 5.3 N 5.4 Ba 5.5 In		-	-
 b) Fi c) A 5.3 N 5.4 Ba 5.5 In 	Associated Companies, undertaking and related parties	-	-
 c) A 5.3 N 5.4 Ba 5.5 In 	irst Capital Securities Corporation Limited	45,264,770	25.31
5.3 N 5.4 Ba 5.5 In	irst Cpital Equities limited	14,327,500	8.01
5.4 Ba 5.5 In	Amythest Limited	669,700	0.37
5.5 In	NIT and ICP	-	-
	Banks, DFIs and NBFIs	5,855,501	3.27
5.6 M	nsurance	-	-
	Aodarabas and Mutual Fund	-	-
5.7 SI	hare holders holding 10% or more voting intrest		
a) Fi	irst Capital Securities Corporation Limited Refer 5.2 (a) above	-	-
5.8 G	General Public		
	a) Local	89,122,351	49.83
	b) Foreign Companies/Orginzations/Individual / (repatriable bases)	25,000	0.01
5.9 O	Others		
	a) Joint Stock Companies	23,581,988	13.19
	b) Pension fund Provident Fund etc.	- 178,851,010	- 100.00

STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH LISTED COMPANIES (CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE) REGULATIONS, 2019

MEDIA TIMES LIMITED FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30 2020

The company has complied with the requirements of the Regulations in the following manner:

1.	The total number of directors are seven as per the	ne following:
a.	Male:	04
b.	Female:	03
_		
2.	The composition of board is as follows:	
(i)	Independent Directors	02
(ii)	Other Non-Executive Directors	04
(iii)	Executive Directors	01
(iv)	Female Directors	03
3.	The directors have confirmed that none of the seven listed companies, including this company;	
4.	The company has prepared a Code of Conduct have been taken to disseminate it throughout policies and procedures.	
5.	The Board has developed a vision/mission st significant policies of the company. The Boar particulars of the significant policies along wit maintained by the company	d has ensured that complete record of
6.	All the powers of the board have been duly exe have been taken by board/ shareholders as em Act and these Regulations.	
7.	The meetings of the Board were presided over be director elected by the Board for this purpor requirements of Act and the Regulations with circulating minutes of meeting of board.	se. The Board has complied with the
8.	The Board have formal policy and transparent p accordance with the Act and these Regulations.	rocedures for remuneration of directors in
9.	The Board has arranged Directors' Training pro	ogram for the following:
	(Normal of Directory)	
	(Name of Director)	Mrs. Aamna Taseer
		Mr. Shehryar Ali Taseer
	(Name of Executive & Designation (if applicable)	Miss Ayesha Tammy Haq
		N/A
10.	The board has approved appointment of Chief F Head of Internal Audit, including their remu employment and complied with relevant requirer	neration and terms and conditions of

11.	CFO and CEO duly endorsed the financial state	ements before approval of the board.				
12.	The board has formed committees comprising of members given below:					
a.	Audit Committee (Name of members and	Mubariz Ahmad Siddiqui (Chairman)				
	Chairman)	Muhammad Mikail Khan (Member)				
		Ayesha Tammy Haq (Member)				
b.	HR and Remuneration Committee (Name of	Mohammad Mikail Khan (Chairman)				
	members and Chairman)	Shehryar Ali Taseer (Member)				
		Shahbaz Ali Taseer (Member)				
C.	Nomination Committee (if applicable) (Name	N/A				
	of members and Chairman)					
d.	Risk Management Committee (if applicable)	N/A				
	(Name of members and Chairman)					
40	The terms of reference of the ofeneral energy					
13.	The terms of reference of the aforesaid comminative advised to the committee for compliance.	ttees have been formed, documented and				
14.	The frequency of meetings (quarterly/half year	rly/ yearly) of the committee were as no				
14.	following:	ny yearly) of the committee were as per				
а	Audit Committee	06				
b	HR and Remuneration Committee	01				
С	Nomination Committee (if applicable)	N/A				
d	Risk Management Committee (if applicable)	N/A				
15.	The Board has set up an effective internal aud	lit function/ or has outsourced the interna				
	audit function to who are considered suitably o					
	and are conversant with the policies and procee	dures of the company;				
16.	The statutory auditors of the company have					
	satisfactory rating under the Quality Control Re					
	Accountants of Pakistan and registered with Au					
	and all their partners are in compliance with (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted					
	of Pakistan and that they and the partners of th					
	relative (spouse, parent, dependent and non-d					
	officer, chief financial officer, head of internal audit, company secretary or director					
	company					
17.	The statutory auditors or the persons associat					
	provide other services except in accordance w					
	regulatory requirement and the auditors have	confirmed that they have observed IFAC				
	guidelines in this regard.					
18.	We confirm that all requirements of regulatic	ons 3 6 7 8 27 32 33 and 36 of the				
10.	Regulations have been complied with; and	r_{10} 0, 0, 1, 0, 21,02, 35 and 30 01 life				

For and on behalf of the Board

CHIEF EXECUTIVE

DIRECTOR

Lahore 06 October 2020

Media Times Limited Statement of Financial Position

As at 30 June 2020

115 di 50 bulle 2020		2020	2019
ASSETS	Note	Rupees	Rupees
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	5	218,482,439	267,951,455
Intangibles	6	776,130	1,042,938
Long term deposits		6,868,807	6,748,807
Deferred taxation	7	-	-
Current assets		226,127,376	275,743,200
		r	
Stores and spare parts		-	54,433
Trade debts	8	45,546,646	40,975,021
Advances, prepayments and other receivable	9	1,495,035	1,737,981
Advance income tax		5,254,216	7,093,265
Cash and bank balances	10	3,469,448	588,218
		55,765,345	50,448,918
		281,892,721	326,192,118
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Share capital and reserves			
Authorized share capital			
210,000,000 (2019: 210,000,000) ordinary shares			
of Rs. 10 each	11	2,100,000,000	2,100,000,000
			2,100,000,000
Share capital	11	1,788,510,100	1,788,510,100
Share premium reserve	12	76,223,440	76,223,440
Accumulated loss		(2,709,565,176)	(2,606,334,042)
		(844,831,636)	(741,600,502)
Non-current liabilities			
Long term finance	13	264,614,697	264,756,697
Deferred liability	13	20,034,591	26,459,530
Defended nationally	17	284,649,288	291,216,227
Current liabilities		201,017,200	_, _, _, _, _,
Trade and other payables	15	545,414,283	527,913,128
Contract liability	16	4,848,425	8,498,583
Accrued mark-up	17	217,576,898	168,589,173
Short term borrowings	18	48,000,000	48,000,000
Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease	19	26,235,463	23,575,509
		842,075,069	776,576,393
		281,892,721	326,192,118
Contingencies and commitments	20		

Media Times Limited Statement of Profit or Loss

For the year ended 30 June 2020

	Note	2020 Rupees	2019 Rupees
			177 1 (5 007
Revenue - net	21	156,452,269	177,165,827
Cost of production	22	(138,482,342)	(193,689,028)
Gross (loss) / profit		17,969,927	(16,523,201)
Administrative and selling expenses	23	(83,868,498)	(133,540,539)
Expected credit loss on financial assets at amortized cost	8.3	(12,992,766)	(41,012,944)
Other income	24	23,864,130	13,456,727
Finance cost	25	(52,105,497)	(52,457,688)
Other expenses	26	(486,039)	(13,610,568)
Loss before taxation		(107,618,743)	(243,688,213)
Taxation	27	(2,400,309)	(817,911)
Loss after taxation		(110,019,052)	(244,506,124)
Loss per share - basic and diluted	28	(0.62)	(1.37)

Media Times Limited Statement of Comprehensive Income For the year ended 30 June 2020

	2020	2019
	Rupees	Rupees
Loss after taxation	(110,019,052)	(244,506,124)
<u>Other comprehensive income / (loss)</u>		
Items that will never be reclassified to profit or loss:		
- Actuarial gain / (loss) on defined benefit obligation	6,787,918	1,189,323
Total comprehensive loss for the year	(103,231,134)	(243,316,801)

Statement of Cash Flow

For the year ended 30 June 2020

	Note	2020 Rupees	2019 Rupees
Cash flows from operating activities			
Cash used in operations	29	1,251,891	(25,044,823)
Finance cost paid		(457,819)	(522,145)
Income tax paid	_	(561,260)	(1,245,107)
Net cash generated from / (used in) operating activities	_	232,812	(26,812,075)
Cash flows from investing activities Capital expenditure Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment Net cash generated from investing activities		(326,346) 3,116,764 2,790,418	(756,783) 11,277,450 10,520,667
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds of long term finances - net of repayments	Γ	(142,000)	16,169,000
Net cash (used in) / generated from financing activities	34	(142,000)	16,169,000
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	_	2,881,230	(122,408)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year		588,218	710,626
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	10	3,469,448	588,218

Media Times Limited Statement of Changes in Equity

Statement of Changes in Equit

For the year ended 30 June 2020

	Share capital	Capital reserve Share premium Rup	Revenue reserve Accumulated loss ees	Total
Balance at 30 June 2018	1,788,510,100	76,223,440	(2,363,017,241)	(498,283,701)
Total comprehensive income for the year				
Loss for the year Other comprehensive gain for the	-	-	(244,506,124)	(244,506,124)
year ended 30 June 2019	-	-	1,189,323	1,189,323
Total comprehensive loss	-	-	(243,316,801)	(243,316,801)
Balance at 30 June 2019	1,788,510,100	76,223,440	(2,606,334,042)	(741,600,502)
Balance as at 1 July 2019	1,788,510,100	76,223,440	(2,606,334,042)	(741,600,502)
Total comprehensive income for year				
Loss for the year	-	-	(110,019,052)	(110,019,052)
Other comprehensive income for the year ended 30 June 2020	-	-	6,787,918	6,787,918
Total comprehensive loss	-	-	(103,231,134)	(103,231,134)
Balance at 30 June 2020	1,788,510,100	76,223,440	(2,709,565,176)	(844,831,636)

1 Corporate and general information

1.1 Legal status and nature of business

Media Times Limited ("the Company") was incorporated in Pakistan on 26 June 2001 as a private limited company and was converted into public limited company on 06 March 2007. The Company is listed on the Pakistan Stock Exchange. The registered office of the Company is located at 41-N, Industrial Area, Gulberg II, Lahore. The Company is primarily involved in publishing daily English and Urdu newspapers by the name of "Daily Times" and "AajKal" respectively.

2 Events and conditions related to going concern

The Company has incurred a net loss of Rs. 110.019 million during the year ended 30 June 2020 and, as of date, the Company's current liabilities exceed its total assets by Rs. 560.182 million. The Company's equity has eroded and the accumulated losses exceed the share capital and share premium by Rs. 844.831 million at 30 June 2020. "Zaiqa" and "Business Plus" channels of the Company remained non-operational throughout the year. The channels were remained non-operational due to shifting of up linking station from Karachi to Lahore region. Further during the year revenue from advertisement in print media had decreased by 12% as compared to last year due to the ongoing economic and political situation in the country and resulting cuts in advertisement budget of majority of clients. The Company has also defaulted in payments of its loan and lease liabilities as mentioned in notes 18 and 19 to these financial statements. There is a material uncertainty related to these events which may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern and, therefore, the Company may be unable to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities out of court in the normal course of business. The Company's sponsors are negotiating with Faysal Bank Limited for settlement of short term borrowings from their own sources. The Company has relaunched its Urdu Newspaper "Daily Aaj Kal" and is planning to launch further products in print and social media sectors. Further, the Company is planning to launch a Web TV with the brand name of Daily Times and to relaunch "Zaiqa" channel channel with improved content and distribution all over Pakistan. The management of the Company is confident that the above actions and steps shall enable the Company to attract revenue streams that will result in improved liquidity. Further the Company's promoters have offered full support to the Company to meet any working capital needs.

3 Basis of preparation

3.1 Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. The accounting and reporting standards applicable in Pakistan comprise:

- International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017 and
- Provision of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017.

Where provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 differ from the IFRS, the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 have been followed.

3.2 Basis of measurement

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except the recognition of certain employee benefits at present value.

3.3 Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Pakistani Rupee ("Rs.") which is the Company's functional currency. All financial information presented in Rupees has been rounded off to the nearest rupee, unless otherwise stated.

3.4 Use of estimates and judgments

The preparation of these financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under circumstances, and the results of which form the basis for making judgment about carrying value of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which estimates are revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

The areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the Company's financial statements or where judgment was exercised in application of accounting policies are as follows:

3.4.1 Property, plant and equipment

The management of the Company reassesses useful lives and residual value for each item of property, plant and equipment annually by considering expected pattern of economic benefits that the Company expects to derive from that item and the maximum period up to which such benefits are expected to be available. Any change in the estimates in future years might affect the carrying amounts of respective items of property, plant and equipment with a corresponding effect on the depreciation charge and impairment.

3.4.2 Expected credit loss / Loss allowances against trade debts, deposits, advances and other receivables

ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Company expects to receive. The shortfall is then discounted at an approximation to the assets' original effective interest rate. The Company has elected to measure loss allowances for trade debts using IFRS 9 simplified approach and has calculated ECLs based on lifetime ECLs. The Company has established a provision matrix that is based on the Company's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment. When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating ECLs, the Company considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis, based on the Company's historical experience and informed credit assessment including forward-looking information.

The maximum period considered when estimating ECLs is the maximum contractual period over which the Company is exposed to credit risk. Loss allowances for financial assets measured at amortized cost are deducted from the gross carrying amount of the assets.

Impairment on cash and cash equivalents has been measured on a 12-month expected loss basis and reflects the short maturities of the exposures. The Company considers that its cash and cash equivalents have low credit risk based on the external credit ratings of the counterparties.

3.4.3 **Provisions and Contingencies**

The Company reviews the status of all pending litigations and claims against the Company. Based on its judgment and the advice of the legal advisors for the estimated financial outcome, appropriate disclosure or provision is made. The actual outcome of these litigations and claims can have an effect on the carrying amounts of the liabilities recognized at the reporting date.

Provisions are based on best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the reporting date, that is, the amount that the Company would rationally pay to settle the obligation at the reporting date or to transfer it to a third party.

3.4.4 Taxation

The Company takes into account the current income tax law and decisions taken by the taxation authorities. Instances where the Company's views differ from the views taken by the income tax department at the assessment stage and where the Company considers that its view on items of material nature is in accordance with law, the amounts are shown as contingent liabilities.

3.4.5 Staff retirement benefits

The Company operates approved unfunded gratuity scheme covering all its full time permanent workers who have completed the minimum qualifying period of service as defined under the respective scheme. The gratuity scheme is managed by trustees. The calculation of the benefit requires assumptions to be made of future outcomes, the principal ones being in respect of increase in remuneration and the discount rate used to convert future cash flows to current values. The assumptions used for the plan are determined by independent actuary on annual basis.

Gratuity cost primarily represents the increase in actuarial present value of the obligation for benefits earned on employee service during the year and the interest on the obligation in respect of employee service in previous years. Calculations are sensitive to changes in the underlying assumptions.

4 Summary of Significant Accounting Polices

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements, except as disclosed in note 4.1.

4.1 New standards, amendments to accounting and reporting standards and new interpretations

Amendments to accounting and reporting standards and interpretations which are effective during the year ended June 30, 2020

There are certain new standards, interpretations and amendments to approved accounting standards which are mandatory for the Company's accounting periods beginning on or after July 1, 2019 but are considered not to be relevant or have any significant effect on the Company's financial reporting, except as mentioned below:

4.1.1 IFRS 16 'Leases'

IFRS 16 'Leases' replaces existing leasing guidance, including IAS 17 'Leases', IFRIC 4 'Determining whether an Arrangement contains a Lease', SIC-15 'Operating Leases- Incentives' and SIC-27 'Evaluating the Substance of Transactions Involving the Legal Form of a Lease'. It results in almost all leases being recognised on the statement of financial position, as the distinction between operating and finance leases is removed. Under IFRS 16, a new concept of right to use leased item is introduced requiring recognition of right of use asset and a financial liability to pay rentals. The only exceptions are short-term and low-value leases.

However, there is no impact on the statement of profit or loss, the statement of other comprehensive income and the statement of cash flow for the year ended 30 June 2020 except for the reclassification of leased assets from operating assets to right of use assets.

4.1.2 Standards, interpretation and amendments to approved accounting standards that are not yet effective

There are certain new standards, interpretations and amendments to approved accounting standards that will be mandatory for the Company's annual accounting periods beginning on or after July 1, 2020 but are considered not to be relevant or have any significant effect on the Company's financial reporting.

4.2 Property, plant and equipment

Owned

Items of property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. Cost in relation to property, plant and equipment comprises acquisition and other directly attributable costs. The cost of replacing part of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognized in the carrying amount of the item if it is possible that the future economic benefits embodied in the part will flow to the entity and its cost can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognized. The costs of the day to day servicing of property, plant and equipment are recognized in profit and loss as incurred.

Depreciation is provided on straight line method and charged to profit and loss account to write off the depreciable amount of each asset over its estimated useful life at the rates specified in note to these financial statements after taking into account their residual values. Depreciation on additions is charged from the date asset is available for use up to the date when asset is retired.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Gains and losses on sale of an item of property, plant and equipment are determined by comparing the proceeds from sale with the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment, and are recognized in profit or loss account.

Right-of-use assets

Right of use assets are initially measured at cost being the present value of lease payments, initial direct costs, any lease payments made at or before the commencement of the lease as reduced by any incentives received. These are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Depreciation is charged on straight line basis over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the asset. Where the ownership of the asset transfers to the Company at the end of the lease term or if the cost of the asset reflects that the Company will exercise the purchase option, depreciation is charged over the useful life of asset.

4.3 Intangibles

Intangibles are stated at cost less accumulated amortization for finite intangibles and any identified impairment loss. The estimated useful life and amortization method is reviewed at the end of each annual reporting period, with effect of any changes in estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis.

Finite intangibles are amortized using straight-line method over their estimated useful lives. Amortization on additions to intangible assets is charged from the month in which an asset is put to use and on disposal up to the month of disposal.

4.4 Stores and spare parts

These are stated at lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined using the weighted average method. Items in transit are valued at cost comprising invoice value plus other charges paid thereon.

4.5 Trade debts, deposits and other receivable

These are classified at amortized cost and are initially recognized when they are originated and measured at fair value of consideration receivable. These assets are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery. Actual credit loss experience over past years is used to base the calculation of expected credit loss.

4.6 Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash in hand and bank balances which are carried in the balance sheet at cost.

4.7 Financial instruments

4.7.1 Recognition and initial measurement

Financial assets and liabilities are initially recognized when the Company becomes a party to contractual provisions of the instrument. And a financial asset (unless it is a trade receivable without a significant financing component) or financial liability is initially measured at fair value plus, for an item not at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL), transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition or issue. A receivable without a significant financing component is initially measured at the transaction price.

4.7.2 Classification and subsequent measurement

Financial assets

On initial recognition, a financial asset is classified as measured at amortized cost, fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) and fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL).

Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition unless the Company changes its business model for managing financial assets, in which case all affected financial assets are reclassified on the first day of the first reporting period following the change in the business model.

Amortized cost

A financial asset is measured at amortized cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

- it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows; and
- its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

These assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. The amortized cost is reduced by impairment losses. Interest income, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognized in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is recognized in profit or loss.

Financial assets measured at amortized cost comprise of cash and bank balances, deposits, trade debts and other receivables.

Debt Instrument - FVOCI

A debt investment is measured at FVOCI if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

- it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets; and
- its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Interest income calculated using the effective interest method, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognized in profit or loss. Other net gains and losses are recognized in OCI. On derecognition, gains and losses accumulated in OCI are reclassified to profit or loss. However, the Company has no such instrument at the balance sheet date.

Equity Instrument - FVOCI

On initial recognition of an equity investment that is not held for trading, the Company may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in the investment's fair value in OCI. This election is made on an investment-by-investment basis.

These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Dividends are recognized as income in profit or loss unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Other net gains and losses are recognized in OCI and are never reclassified to profit or loss. However, the Company has no such instrument at the balance sheet date.

Fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

All financial assets not classified as measured at amortized cost or FVOCI as described above are measured at FVTPL.

On initial recognition, the Company may irrevocably designate a financial asset that otherwise meets the requirements to be measured at amortized cost or at FVOCI as at FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise.

These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Net gains and losses, including any interest or dividend income, are recognized in profit or loss. However, the Company has no such instrument at the balance sheet date.

Financial assets – Business model assessment:

For the purposes of the assessment, 'principal' is defined as the fair value of the financial asset on initial recognition. 'Interest' is defined as consideration for the time value of money and for the credit risk associated with the principal amount outstanding during a particular period of time and for other basic lending risks and costs (e.g. liquidity risk and administrative costs), as well as a profit margin.

In assessing whether the contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest, the Company considers the contractual terms of the instrument. This includes assessing whether the financial asset contains a contractual term that could change the timing or amount of contractual cash flows such that it would not meet this condition. In making this assessment, the Company considers:

- contingent events that would change the amount or timing of cash flows;
- terms that may adjust the contractual coupon rate, including variable-rate features;
- prepayment and extension features; and
- terms that limit the Company's claim to cash flows from specified assets (e.g. non-recourse features).

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified as measured at amortized cost or FVTPL. A financial liability is classified as at FVTPL if it is classified as held-for-trading, it is a derivative or it is designated as such on initial recognition. Financial liabilities at FVTPL are measured at fair value and net gains and losses, including any interest expense, are recognized in profit or loss. Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense and foreign exchange gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is also recognized in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities comprise trade and other payables, long term finance, short term borrowing, liabilities against assets subject to finance lease and accrued mark up.

4.7.3 Derecognition

Financial assets

The Company derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred or in which the Company neither transfers nor retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership and it does not retain control of the financial asset.

The Company might enter into transactions whereby it transfers assets recognized in its statement of financial position, but retains either all or substantially all of the risks and rewards of the transferred assets. In these cases, the transferred assets are not derecognized.

Financial liabilities

The Company derecognizes a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled, or expire. The Company also derecognizes a financial liability when its terms are modified and the cash flows of the modified liability are substantially different, in which case a new financial liability based on the modified terms is recognized at fair value. On derecognition of a financial liability, the difference between the carrying amount extinguished and the consideration paid (including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed) is recognized in profit or loss.

4.8 Impairment

Financial assets

The Company recognizes loss allowances for ECLs on:

- financial assets measured at amortized cost;
- debt investments measured at FVOCI; and
- contract assets.

The Company measures loss allowances at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs, except for the following, which are measured at 12-month ECLs:

- debt securities that are determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date; and
- other debt securities and bank balances for which credit risk (i.e. the risk of default occurring over the expected life of the financial instrument) has not increased significantly since initial recognition.

12-month ECLs are the portion of ECLs that result from default events that are possible within the 12 months after the reporting date (or a shorter period if the expected life of the instrument is less than 12 months).

When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating ECLs, the Company considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis, based on the Company's historical experience and informed credit assessment and including forward-looking information.

The Company assumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly if it is more than past due for a reasonable period of time. Lifetime ECLs are the ECLs that result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. 12-month ECLs are the portion of ECLs that result from default events that are possible within the 12 months after the reporting date (or a shorter period if the expected life of the instrument is less than 12 months). The maximum period considered when estimating ECLs is the maximum contractual period over which the Company is exposed to credit risk.

Loss allowances for financial assets measured at amortized cost are deducted from the Gross carrying amount of the assets.

The Gross carrying amount of a financial asset is written off when the Company has no reasonable expectations of recovering of a financial asset in its entirety or a portion thereof. The Company individually makes an assessment with respect to the timing and amount of write-off based on whether there is a reasonable expectation of recovery. The Company expects no significant recovery from the amount written off. However, financial assets that are written off could still be subject to enforcement activities in order to comply with the Company's procedures for recovery of amounts due.

Non-financial assets

The carrying amount of the Company's non-financial assets, other than inventories and deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. The recoverable amount of an asset or cash generating unit is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less cost to sell. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present values using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or cash generating unit.

An impairment loss is recognized if the carrying amount of the assets or its cash generating unit exceeds its estimated recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognized in profit and loss account. Impairment losses recognized in respect of cash generating units are allocated to reduce the carrying amounts of the assets in a unit on a pro rata basis. Impairment losses recognized in prior periods are assessed at each reporting date for any indications that the loss has decreased or no longer exists. An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to that extent that the asset's carrying amount after the reversal does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation and amortization, if no impairment loss had been recognized.

4.9 Offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Company currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the amounts and it intends either to settle them on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

4.10 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of ordinary shares are recognized as a deduction from equity, net of any tax effects.

4.11 Retirement and other benefits

Salaries, wages and benefits are accrued in the period in which the associated services are rendered by employees of the Company and measured on an undiscounted basis. The accounting policy for employee retirement benefits is described below:

Post employment benefits - Defined benefit plan

The Company operates unfunded defined benefit gratuity plan for all permanent employees, having a service period of more than one year. The Company recognizes expense in accordance with IAS 19 "Employee Benefits".

The Company's net obligation in respect of defined benefit plans is calculated by estimating the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in the current and prior periods and discounting that amount. The calculation of defined benefit obligations is performed annually by a qualified actuary using the projected unit credit method.

Remeasurements of the net defined benefit liability, which comprise actuarial gains and losses, are recognized immediately in other comprehensive income. The Company determines the net interest expense on the net defined benefit liability for the period by applying the discount rate used to measure the defined benefit obligation at the beginning of the annual period to the then net defined benefit liability, taking into account any changes in the net defined benefit liability during the period as a result of contributions and benefit payments. Net interest expense and other expenses related to defined benefit plans are recognized in profit and loss account.

4.12 Trade and other payables

Liabilities for trade and other amounts payable are carried at cost which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in future for goods or services received.

4.13 Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a legal and constructive obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of obligation. Provision is recognized at an amount that is the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the reporting date. Where outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is not probable, or where a reliable estimate of the amount of obligation cannot be made, a contingent liability is disclosed, unless the possibility of outflow is remote.

4.14 Revenue and other income recognition

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognized, when control of goods is transferred to the customers, at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods and services rendered excluding sales taxes and after deduction of any trade discounts. Revenue from specific revenue and other income recognition policies are as follows:

- Revenue from sale of newspapers / magazines is recognized at the point in time when control is transferred to the customer which is when newspapers / magazines are dispatched to the
- Revenue from advertisement in print media is recognized at the point in time when the control is transferred to the customer which is on the publication of advertisement;
- Revenue from advertisement in electronic media is recognized at the point in time when the control is transferred to the customer which is when the related advertisement or commercial appears before the public i.e. on telecast;
- Revenue from sale of outdated newspaper is recognized at the point in time when control is transferred to the customer which is when newspapers are dispatched to the customer;
- Revenue from outsourcing and other services is recognized when the control is transferred to the customer i.e. when related services are provided;
- Rental income is recognized over the time when control is transferred to customers i.e. when right to receive payment is established;
- Dividend income is recognized when the Company's right to receive payment is established; and
- Interest income is recognized as it accrues under the effective interest method using the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset.

4.15 Contract liabilities

A contract liability is the obligation of the Company to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Company has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer. If a customer pays consideration before the Company transfers goods or services to the customer, a contract liability is recognized when the payment is made or the payment is due (whichever is earlier). Contract liabilities are recognized as revenue when the Company performs under the contract. It also includes refund liabilities arising out of customers' right to claim amounts from the Company on account of contractual delays in delivery of performance obligations and incentive on target achievement.

4.16 Lease liabilities

Lease liabilities are initially measured at the present value of the lease payments discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease. If the implicit rate cannot be readily determined, the Company's incremental borrowing rate is used. Subsequently these are increased by interest, reduced by lease payments and remeasured for lease modifications, if any. Liabilities in respect of short term and low value leases are not recognised and payments against such leases are recognised as expense in profit or loss.

4.17 Taxation

<u>Current</u>

Current tax is the amount of tax payable on taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date, and any adjustment to the tax payable in respect of previous years. Provision for current tax is based on current rates of taxation in Pakistan after taking into account tax credits, rebates and exemptions available, if any. The amount of unpaid income tax in respect of the current or prior periods is recognized as a liability. Any excess paid over what is due in respect of the current or prior periods is recognized as an asset.

Deferred

Deferred tax is recognized using the balance sheet liability method on all temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for the financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes.

Deferred tax asset is recognized for all deductible temporary differences only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset may be utilized. Deferred tax asset is reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized. Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on the tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is charged or credited in the income statement, except in the case of items credited or charged to comprehensive income or equity, in which case it is included in comprehensive income or equity.

4.18 Contingent liabilities

Contingent liability is disclosed when:

- there is a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company; or
- there is present obligation that arises from past events but it is not probable that an outflow of
 resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation or the amount of
 the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability.

4.19 Foreign currency transactions and balances

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated to the respective functional currencies of the Company at exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the reporting date are retranslated to the functional currency at the exchange rate at that date. The foreign currency gain or loss on monetary items is the difference between amortized cost in the functional currency at the beginning of the year, adjusted for effective interest and payments during the year, and the amortized cost in foreign currency translated at the exchange rate at the end of the year.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are retranslated to the functional currency at the exchange rate at the date that the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured based on historical cost in a foreign currency are not translated.

Foreign currency differences arising on retranslation are generally recognized in profit and loss account.

4.20 Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share (EPS) is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year.

4.21 Segment reporting

A segment is a distinguishable component of the Company that is engaged either in providing products or services (business segment), or in providing products or services within a particular economic environment (geographical segment), which is subject to risk and rewards that are different from other segments. Operating segment are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker. The chief operating decision maker who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Board of Director of the Company that makes strategic decisions.

5 Property, plant and equipment

				Owned assets]	Right of use assets			
	Leasehold improvements	Plant and machinery	Office equipment	Computers	Furniture and fittings	Vehicles	Sub total	Plant and equipment	Office equipment	Computers	Vehicles	Sub total	Total
				Rupees						Rupe	ees		
Cost													
Balance as at 1 July 2018	25,850,565	1,184,795,864	57,283,987	50,322,295	13,342,983	26,849,106	1,358,444,800	66,667,045	120,178	272,541	4,808,679	71,868,443	1,430,313,243
Additions	-	-	-	756,783	-	-	756,783	-	-	-	-	-	756,783
Disposals	-	(1,043,104)	(12,561,648)	-	(5,095,400)	(4,259,000)	(22,959,152)	-	-	-	(585,000)	(585,000)	(23,544,152)
Written off during the year	(23,656,369)	-	-	-	-	-	(23,656,369)	-	-	-	-	-	(23,656,369)
Balance as at 30 June 2019	2,194,196	1,183,752,760	44,722,339	51,079,078	8,247,583	22,590,106	1,312,586,062	66,667,045	120,178	272,541	4,223,679	71,283,443	1,383,869,505
Balance as at 1 July 2019	2,194,196	1,183,752,760	44,722,339	51,079,078	8,247,583	22,590,106	1,312,586,062	66,667,045	120,178	272,541	4,223,679	71,283,443	1,383,869,505
Additions	-	-	320,000	-	-	-	320,000	-	-	-	-	-	320,000
Disposals	-	(3,923,548)	(1,907,682)	(138,227)	-	-	(5,969,457)	-	-	-	-	-	(5,969,457)
Written off during the year	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at 30 June 2020	2,194,196	1,179,829,212	43,134,657	50,940,851	8,247,583	22,590,106	1,306,936,605	66,667,045	120,178	272,541	4,223,679	71,283,443	1,378,220,048
Depreciation and impairment													
Balance as at 1 July 2018	16,302,289	888,024,564	54,492,545	49,778,034	12,554,020	21,300,658	1,042,452,110	49,481,500	118,387	272,541	4,223,679	54,096,107	1,096,548,217
Charge for the year	2,385,554	46,881,229	588,748	490,556	144,061	899,980	51,390,129	3,877,681	1,791	-	-	3,879,472	55,269,600
On disposals	-	(820,010)	(12,265,776)	-	(4,460,820)	(2,134,600)	(19,681,206)	-	-	-	-	-	(19,681,206)
Written off during the year	(16,737,904)	-	-	-	-	-	(16,737,904)	-	-	-	-	-	(16,737,904)
Impairment	-	428,190	-	-	-	-	428,190	91,153	-	-	-	91,153	519,343
Balance as at 30 June 2019	1,949,939	934,513,973	42,815,517	50,268,590	8,237,261	20,066,038	1,057,851,319	53,450,334	120,178	272,541	4,223,679	58,066,732	1,115,918,050
Balance as at 1 July 2019	1,949,939	934,513,973	42,815,517	50,268,590	8,237,261	20,066,038	1,057,851,319	53,450,334	120,178	272,541	4,223,679	58,066,732	1,115,918,051
Charge for the year	80,915	42,606,991	287,625	423,917	5,641	800,252	44,205,341	3,877,681	-	-	-	3,877,681	48,083,022
On disposals	-	(2,697,248)	(1,907,681)	(138,227)	-	-	(4,743,156)	-	-	-	-	-	(4,743,156)
Written off during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Impairment	-	418,760	-	-	-	-	418,760	60,932	-	-	-	60,932	479,692
Balance as at 30 June 2020	2,030,854	974,842,476	41,195,461	50,554,280	8,242,902	20,866,290	1,097,732,264	57,388,947	120,178	272,541	4,223,679	62,005,345	1,159,737,609
Carrying value													
At 30 June 2019	244,257	249,238,787	1,906,822	810,488	10,322	2,524,068	254,734,743	13,216,711	-		-	13,216,711	267,951,455
At 30 June 2020	163,342	204,986,736	1,939,196	386,571	4,681	1,723,816	209,204,341	9,278,098	-	-	-	9,278,098	218,482,439
Depreciation rate (% per annum)	20%	4.02% - 10%	10%	33%	10%	20%		6.67% - 10%	10%	- 33%	20%		

5.1 Leasehold improvements and plant and machinery are located at the facility as mentioned in 1.1 to these financial statements.

		Note	2020 Rupees	2019 Rupees
5.2	The depreciation charge for the year has been allocated as follows:			
	Cost of production	22	46,484,672	50,758,910
	Administrative and selling expenses	23	1,598,350	4,510,690
			48,083,022	55,269,600

5.3 Cost of assets as at 30 June 2020 include fully depreciated assets amounting to Rs. 495.4 million (2019: Rs. 485.9 million).

5.4 Details of operating fixed assets disposed-off during the year:

Description	Quantity	Cost	Accumulated depreciation	Net book value	Proceeds from disposal	Gain on disposal	Particulars of the purchaser	Mode of disposal	Relationship with the
				Rupees					purchaser
Plant and machinery									
Generator 400 KVA	1	3,448,640	2,197,102	1,251,538	1,670,000	418,462	Syed Javed Hussain Shah	Negotiation	None
Total		3,448,640	2,197,102	1,251,538	1,670,000	418,462			

6 Intangible assets

				2	020			
					Accumulated		Accumulated	
					amortization	Amortization	Amortization	Book value
	Cost as at	Additions/	Cost as at	Rate	as at	charge	as at	as at
	01 July 2019	(deletions)	30 June 2020		01 July 2019	for the year	30 June 2020	30 June 2020
	F	R u p e e s		%		R u p	e e s	
Computer software	422,000		422,000	20% - 50%	422,000		422,000	
Licenses	4,000,000	-	4,000,000	2078 - 3078 6.67%	2,957,062	266,808	3,223,870	- 776,130
Licenses	4,422,000		4,422,000	0.0770	3,379,062	266,808	3,645,870	776,130
						200,000		
				2	019			
					Accumulated		Accumulated	
					amortization	Amortization	Amortization	Book value
	Cost as at	Additions/	Cost as at	Rate	as at	charge	as at	as at
	01 July 2018	(deletions)	30 June 2019		01 July 2018	for the year	30 June 2019	30 June 2019
	R	upees		%		R u p	e e s	

Computer software	422,000	-	422,000	20% - 50%	422,000	-	422,000	-
Licenses	4,000,000		4,000,000	6.67%	2,690,254	266,808	2,957,062	1,042,938
	4,422,000		4,422,000		3,112,254	266,808	3,379,062	1,042,938

6.1 The amortization charge for the year has been allocated to cost of production.

7 Deferred taxation

8

9

Deferred tax (liability) / asset comprises temporary differences relating to:

	2020 Rupees	2019 Rupees
Accelerated tax depreciation allowances	(24,498,848)	(13,981,809)
Unused tax losses and others	24,498,848	13,981,809
		-

The deferred tax assets amounting to Rs 379.182 million had not been recorded on unused tax losses due to uncertain future taxable profits. Under the Income Tax Ordinance 2001, the Company can carry forward business losses up to 6 years.

8	Trad	e debts	Note	2020 Rupees	2019 Rupees
	<u>Cons</u>	idered good			
	Unsee	cured:			
	Rel	ated parties	8.1	1,121,024	492,324
	Oth	ners		273,087,868	256,152,177
				274,208,892	256,644,501
	Less:	Provision for expected credit losses (ECL)	8.3	(228,662,246)	(215,669,480)
				45,546,646	40,975,021
	8.1	The balances due from related parties are as follows:			
		First Capital Securities Corporation Limited		171,600	-
		First Capital Equities Limited		949,424	491,824
		Pace Super Mall		-	500
				1,121,024	492,324

8.2 Maximum aggregate outstanding balance at anytime during the year from First Capital Securities Corporation Limited, First Capital Equities Limited and Pace Super Mall is Rs 0.171 million, Rs. 0.949 million and Rs. 500 respectively.

8.3 The movement in provision for loss allowance under IFRS 9 and IAS 39 is as follows:

			2020	2019
		Note	Rupees	Rupees
	Balance at 01 July		215,669,480	165,494,871
	Effect of initial application of IFRS 9 as			
	at 01 July 2018 (note 4.1)		-	9,161,665
	Loss allowance under expected credit loss - IFRS 9	23	12,992,766	41,012,944
	Balance at 30 June		228,662,246	215,669,480
)	Advances, prepayments and other receivable			
	Advances to staff - unsecured, considered good		1,495,035	1,737,981
(Other receivables- unsecured		-	10,524,915
			1,495,035	12,262,896
]	Less: Effect of initial application of IFRS 9 as at 01 July 2019	9.1	-	(10,524,915)
			1,495,035	1,737,981
ļ	9.1 The movement in provision for expected credit loss is as follows:			
	1 1		2020	2019
			Rupees	Rupees
	Effect of initial application of IFRS 9 as			
	at 01 July 2019		10,524,915	10,524,915
	Write off / Charged during the year		(10,524,915)	-
	Balance at 30 June			10,524,915

10	Cash and bank balances	Note	2020 Rupees	2019 Rupees
	Cash in hand		1,180	1,435
	<u>Cash at bank</u>			
	Local currency			
	- Current accounts		253,072	15,710
	Markup based deposits with conventional banks			
	- Deposit and saving accounts	10.1	3,162,446	520,319
			3,415,518	536,029
	Foreign currency - current account		52,750	50,754
			3,469,448	588,218

10.1 These carry return at the rate of 5.50% to 9.50% (2019: 2.80% to 5.50%) per annum.

11 Share capital

11.1 Authorized share capital

		2020 2019 (Number of shares)		2020 Rupees	2019 Rupees
	Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each	210,000,000	210,000,000	2,100,000,000	2,100,000,000
11.2	Issued, subscribed and paid up capital				
	Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid in cash	135,871,350	135,871,350	1,358,713,500	1,358,713,500
	Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each issued other than cash, in accordance with the				
	scheme of merger with Total Media	42,979,660	42,979,660	429,796,600	429,796,600
	Limited (TML)	178,851,010	178,851,010	1,788,510,100	1,788,510,100

11.3 Ordinary shares of the Company held by associated companies as at year end are as follows:

	2020		2019	
	Percentage of holding	Number of shares	Percentage of holding	Number of shares
First Capital Securities Corporation				
Limited	25.31%	45,264,770	25.31%	45,264,770
First Capital Equities Limited	8.01%	14,327,500	8.01%	14,327,500

11.4 Directors hold 4,200 (2019: 4,200) ordinary shares comprising 0.002% of total paid up share capital of the Company.

12 Share premium reserve

The share premium reserve can be utilized by the Company only for the purposes specified in section 81(3) of the Companies Act, 2017.

			2020	2019
13	Long term finance	Note	Rupees	Rupees
	Long term finance - unsecured	13.1	264,614,697	264,756,697

13.1 This represents unsecured loan obtained from WTL Services (Private) Limited an associated company. This loan is repayable in January 2022. This carries mark-up at the rate of three months KIBOR plus 3% per annum (30 June 2019: three months KIBOR plus 3% per annum), payable on demand.

14 Deferred liability

14.1 Gratuity

The latest actuarial valuation of the Company's defined benefit plan was conducted on 30 June 2020 using projected unit credit method. Details of obligation for defined benefit plan is as follows;

	The amount recognised in the balance sheet is as follows:	Note	2020 Rupees	2019 Rupees
	Present value of defined benefit obligation	14.2	20,034,591	26,459,530
14.2	Movement in the present value of defined benefit obligation:			
	Balance at beginning of the year		26,459,530	31,956,709
	Current service cost	14.3	3,483,215	4,413,727
	Interest cost	14.3	3,366,354	2,628,183
	Benefits due but not paid		(6,486,590)	(11,349,766)
	Actuarial (gain) / loss for the year	14.5	(6,787,918)	(1,189,323)
	Balance at end of the year		20,034,591	26,459,530

14.3 The amounts recognized in the profit and loss account against defined benefit schemes are as follows:

		2020 Rupees	2019 Rupees
	Current service cost	3,483,215	4,413,727
	Interest cost	3,366,354	2,628,183
	Net charge to profit and loss	6,849,569	7,041,910
14.4	Estimated expense to be charged to profit and loss next year		
	Current service cost	2,422,270	3,483,215
	Interest cost	1,781,647	3,687,509
	Net charge to profit and loss	4,203,917	7,170,724
14.5	Remeasurement of planned obligation		
	Actuarial loss from changes in financial assumptions	(422,438)	460,723
	Experience adjustments	(6,365,480)	(1,650,046)
		(6,787,918)	(1,189,323)
14.6	The principal actuarial assumptions at the reporting date were as follows:	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
	Discount rate	14.50%	10.00%
	Discount rate used for year end obligation	9.25%	14.50%
	Expected per annum growth rate in salaries	7.25%	12.50%
	Expected mortality rate	SLIC (2001-2005)	SLIC (2001-2005)
		Setback 1 year	Setback 1 year

As at 30 June 2020, the weighted average duration of the defined benefit obligation was 11 years (2019: 10 years).

14.7 Sensitivity analysis

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If the significant actuarial assumptions used to estimate the defined benefit obligation at the reporting date, had fluctuated by 100 bps with all other variables held constant, the present value of the defined benefit obligation as at 30 June 2020 would have been as follows:

		Present value of defined benefit obligation due to	
<u>Assumptions</u>		Increase in assumptions Rupees	Decrease in assumptions Rupees
Discount rate (100 bps change)		18,066,910	22,369,813
Salary increase (100 bps change)		22,438,263	17,975,802
		2020	2019
	Note	Rupees	Rupees
Trade and other payables			
Creditors	15.1	145,422,013	146,168,733
Accrued liabilities		217,822,686	213,349,750
Security deposits	15.2	1,122,500	122,500
Sales tax payable - net		16,506,967	16,506,967
Gratuity due but not paid		78,403,103	71,916,513
Withholding tax payable		86,137,014	79,848,665
		545,414,283	527,913,128

15.1 Creditors include Rs. 9.92 million (2019: Rs. 9.92 million) and Rs. 18.60 million (2019: 7.89 million) payable to World Press (Private) Limited and Pace Pakistan Limited, respectively, the related parties.

15.2 It includes security received from agencies against execution of agency contract.

16	Contract Liability	Note	2020 Rupees	2019 Rupees
	Advance from customer	16.1	4,848,425	8,498,583
	16.1 This represents advance received from customers for f	uture sales of goo	ds / services.	
			2020	2019
17	Accrued mark-up	Note	Rupees	Rupees
	Mark-up based borrowings:			
	Long term finance - unsecured	13.1	127,663,642	87,835,342
	Running finance	17.1	89,063,712	79,904,287
	Finance lease	17.2	849,544	849,544
			217,576,898	168,589,173

17.1 This represents overdue markup and other charges on running finance facility from Faysal Bank Limited (refer note 18.1 for details).

17.2 This represents overdue markup on finance lease facility from Orix Leasing Pakistan Limited (refer note 19 for details).

18	Short term borrowings	Note	2020 Rupees	2019 Rupees
	<u>Secured</u>			
	Mark-up based borrowings from conventional banks: Running finance	18.1	48,000,000	48,000,000

2020

2010

18.1 The Company obtained running finance facility, of Rs. 50 million, from Faysal Bank Limited under mark-up arrangements for working capital requirement. The said facility was expired on 28 January 2012 and the Company had not paid the principal and markup on due date. Accordingly Faysal Bank Limited filed a suit against the Company for recovery of Rs. 69.30 million at Lahore High Court which was fully recorded in annual audited financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2017. During the year 2015, the case was decided against the Company as the Lahore High Court through its order dated 20 November 2015 directed that an amount of Rs. 54.16 million along with the cost of fund as contemplated by section 3 of the Financial Institutions (Recovery of Finances) Ordinance 2001 is to be paid by the Company through sale of the hypothecated goods and assets of the Company, the attachment and auction of the other assets of the Company and any other mode which the court deems appropriate. The Company being aggrieved filed the regular first appeal dated 09 March 2016 in Honorable Lahore High Court.

However, during the last year the Company re-negotiated with Faysal Bank Limited and the loan was rescheduled into a long term loan. As per restructuring terms and conditions, the outstanding principal of Rs. 50 million and related markup of Rs. 8 million were repayable in 24 unequal quarterly installments started from 31 December 2017 and the remaining overdue markup of Rs. 11 million already recorded by the Company was waived off by Faysal Bank Limited. The principal amount of outstanding loan of Rs. 50 million carried mark up at three month KIBOR or cost of fund of Faysal Bank Limited, whichever is lower, which was payable quarterly in arrears and the overdue markup of Rs. 8 million was interest free.

As per the settlement agreement with Faysal Bank Limited, the Company was required to pay installments of principal of Rs. 50 million and accrued markup of Rs. 8 million as per the repayment schedule and provide fresh security in the form of registered exclusive mortgage over 9 shops located at Pace Pakistan, 96-B/I, Gulberg II, Lahore. However, subsequent to the restructuring, the Company could not pay installments relating to principal and accrued markup on due dates and even within the grace period of 90 days as allowed by Faysal Bank Limited and remained unable to provide fresh security as described earlier. As per the settlement agreement, this non-compliance was considered as event of default and as a consequence of default the Company was bound to make immediate payment of the entire outstanding amount with up to date markup along with additional amount aggregating to Rs. 64.41 million. Accordingly, the outstanding principal amount of Rs. 48 million was classified as short term borrowing last year and total markup of Rs. 64.41 million was classified as accrued markup. Further, the Company was required to pay markup at the rate of 3MK+ 2%. During the year, the Company recognized further interest expense of Rs. 9.15 million in respect of this loan.

This rescheduled loan is secured by way of exclusive charge over all present and future, current assets of Rs. 80 million and future fixed assets of Rs. 50 million, respectively.

19 Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease

The Company defaulted in repayment of lease liability after rescheduling of the facility from Orix Leasing Pakistan Limited. As per revised terms, the facility was payable by 30 June 2013. Interest was charged at the rate of 18.75% (2019: 18.75%) per annum. The detail of outstanding balance is as follows:

	2020 Rupees	2019 Rupees
Principal overdue	6,438,000	6,438,000
Additional lease rental on over due payments	19,797,463	17,137,509
	26,235,463	23,575,509

Under the terms of the agreements, the Company has an option to acquire the assets at end of the respective lease term and the Company intends to exercise the option. In case of default in payment of installments the Company is also liable to pay additional lease rental on overdue payments at the rate of 0.1% per day. The Company has not paid the principal and markup on due date and has accounted for additional lease rentals at the rate of 0.1% per day on overdue payments as per the terms of the agreement. During last year, on 15 October 2018, Orix Leasing Pakistan Limited filed the suit against Company for recovery of principal and mark up amounting to Rs. 24 million and the related liability has already been booked in these financial statements.

20 Contingencies and commitments

20.1 Contingencies

- **20.1.1** In the year 2010, the Assistant Commissioner of Inland Revenue Lahore passed an order against the Company for alleged short payment of Rs. 6.87 million under section 11(2) & 36(1) of Sales Tax Act, 1990 and imposed a penalty equivalent to the amount of original alleged short payment. The Company being aggrieved by the order of Assistant Commissioner filed an appeal before Commissioner Inland Revenue Appeals-III Lahore. The Commissioner Appeals set aside the appeal of the Company with directions to the assessing officer. Subsequently the Company filed an appeal in Income Tax Appellate Tribunal Lahore. The learned Appellate Tribunal also set aside the appeal for denovo proceeding. No fresh proceedings have yet been started by Taxation officer. The management believes that there will be no adverse financial impact on the Company.
- **20.1.2** The previous land lord filed a suit against the Company for the recovery of unpaid rent amounting to Rs. 7 million and damages of Rs. 10 million in Sindh High Court which is pending adjudication. The management after consultation with its legal counsel is confident that the case will be decided in favor of the Company. However being prudent the Company has recorded a liability to the extent of unpaid rent.
- **20.1.3** Two petitions are pending in the Sindh High Court filed by Axact (Private) Limited against the Company and Sheharyar Taseer wherein they have claimed recovery for damages of Rs. 14.5 million and Criminal Revision Application U/s 439 section 561-A Criminal Procedure Code, 1898. The management is confident that the case will be decided in favor of the Company, accordingly no provision is recorded in these financial statements.
- 20.1.4 A petition is pending before Sindh High Court filed by JS Bank Limited against the Company wherein JS Bank Limited have claimed recovery of damages of Rs. 5 billion under the Defamation Ordinance, 2002. The case is pending adjudication and the management is confident that the case will be decided in favor of the Company, accordingly no provision is recorded in these financial statements.

20.1.5 Different ex-employees of the Company filed suits against the Company for recovery of unpaid salaries and damages aggregating to Rs. 68.502 million. The management of the Company believes that the liability of the Company is limited to actual pending final settlement amount, Accordingly the related provision to the extent of actual final settlements, amounting to Rs. 31.89 million, has been recorded in these financial statements.

20.2 Commitments

21

There was no commitments as at 30 June 2020 (2019: Nil).

	2020	2019
	Rupees	Rupees
Revenue - net		
Advertisement	103,307,538	131,899,214
Newspaper	32,603,130	39,328,514
Outsourcing fee and other services	50,400,000	51,657,401
	186,310,668	222,885,129
Less:		
Sales tax	-	189,394
Commission and discounts	29,858,399	45,529,908
	29,858,399	45,719,302
	156,452,269	177,165,827

21.1 Disaggregation of revenue

Product wise disaggregation of gross revenue is as follows:

-	186,310,668	222,885,129
Outsourcing fee and other services	50,400,000	51,657,401
Newspaper	32,603,130	39,328,514
- Print media	103,307,538	130,004,674
- Electronic media	-	1,894,540
Advertisement		

Customer wise disaggregation of gross revenue is as follows:

Advertisement		
- Agency	48,307,061	96,157,278
- Direct clients	55,000,477	35,741,936
Newspaper		
- Agency	32,603,130	39,328,514
Outsourcing fee and other services		
- Direct clients	50,400,000	51,657,401
	186,310,668	222,885,129

21.2 Out of the total contract liability as at 01 July 2019, an amount of Rs. 4.98 million is recognized as revenue during the current year.

			2020	2019
22	Cost of production	Note	Rupees	Rupees
	Salaries, wages and other benefits	22.1	40,114,657	63,749,661
	Paper consumed		19,830,681	28,629,998
	Stores and spare parts consumed		85,875	13,370,670
	Printing charges		23,584,608	14,881,458
	Programming and content cost		-	30,260
	Transmission and up-linking cost		1,699,992	12,600,414
	Insurance		-	133,412
	News agencies' charges		240,000	210,000
	Repairs and maintenance		3,546	236,290
	Utilities		2,935,159	5,724,736
	Freight and carriage		1,809,212	1,541,536
	Depreciation	5.2	46,484,665	50,758,910
	Amortization of intangibles	7.1	266,808	266,808
	Others		1,427,139	1,554,875
			138,482,342	193,689,028

22.1 These include Rs. 2.26 million (2019: Rs. 3.07 million) in respect of gratuity expense for the year.

			2020	2019
23	Administrative and selling expenses	Note	Rupees	Rupees
	Salaries, wages and other benefits	23.1	46,191,582	56,884,563
	Rent, rates and taxes		16,363,559	23,294,540
	Communications		1,799,181	2,713,011
	Vehicle running and maintenance		3,370,539	5,195,958
	Marketing, promotion and distribution		2,698,524	15,310,531
	Legal and professional		975,289	2,163,622
	Insurance		-	244,511
	Utilities		1,062,339	2,306,913
	Printing and stationary		256,886	1,101,420
	Entertainment		663,337	2,830,643
	Travel and conveyance		922,841	2,007,366
	Repairs and maintenance		1,316,552	1,948,471
	Fee and subscriptions		375,764	3,637,814
	Postage and courier		196,574	223,504
	Newspapers and periodicals		226,758	381,400
	Auditors' remuneration	23.2	2,030,000	2,028,750
	Depreciation	5.2	1,598,357	4,510,690
	Others		3,820,416	6,756,832
			83,868,498	133,540,539

23.1 Salaries, wages and other benefits include Rs. 4.58 million (2019: Rs. 3.97 million) in respect of gratuity expense for the year.

Auditors' remuneration	2020 Rupees	2019 Rupees
Statutory audit fee	1,550,000	1,390,000
Half yearly review fee	420,000	412,500
Out of pocket expenses	60,000	226,250
	2,030,000	2,028,750
	Statutory audit fee Half yearly review fee	Auditors' remunerationRupeesStatutory audit fee1,550,000Half yearly review fee420,000Out of pocket expenses60,000

24	Other income	Note	2020 Rupees	2019 Rupees
	Income from financial assets			
	- Markup from deposits with conventional banks Interest income on bank deposits		9,556	21,602
	Income from non-financial assets			
	Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment Liabilities no longer payable written back Scrap sales Rental income from plant and machinery Miscellaneous income		1,890,463 15,882,156 1,585,075 3,966,000 530,880 23,864,130	7,999,504 - 4,073,738 1,339,400 22,483 13,456,727
25	Finance cost			
	Long term finances Short term borrowing Additional lease rental on overdue lease liability Bank charges	13.1 18.1	39,828,300 9,159,425 2,659,954 457,818 52,105,497	33,788,136 15,487,466 2,659,954 522,132 52,457,688
26	Other expenses			
	Fixed assets written off Advance to staff written off Impairment on plant and machinery Other receivables written off		- 486,039 - 486,039	6,918,465 5,972,761 519,342 200,000 13,610,568
27	Taxation			
	Current tax Prior year tax		2,336,560 63,749 2,400,309	2,479,183 (1,661,272) 817,911

27.1 No numeric tax rate reconciliation for the current year and preceding year is given in the financial statements, as provision made primarily represents minimum tax due under section 113 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 (the Ordinance) and tax deducted under section 150 and 153 of the Ordinance.

28	Loss per share - basic and diluted		2020	2019
	Loss after taxation	Rupees	(110,019,052)	(244,506,124)
	Weighted average number of ordinary shares	Number	178,851,010	178,851,010
	Loss per share - basic and diluted	Rupees	(0.62)	(1.37)

Basic earning per share has been calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of the Company by weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year.

28.1 There is no dilutive effect on the basic earnings per share of the Company.

		Note	2020 Rupees	2019 Rupees
29	Cash used in operations			
	Loss before taxation		(107,618,743)	(243,688,213)
	Adjustments for:			
	Depreciation	5.2	48,083,022	55,269,600
	Amortization of intangibles	6	266,808	266,808
	Advance to staff written off	26	-	5,972,761
	Other receivable written off		-	200,000
	Fixed asset written off		-	6,918,465
	Impairment of property, plant and equipment		486,039	519,342
	Liabilities no longer payable written back	24	(15,882,156)	-
	Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	24	(1,890,463)	(7,999,504)
	Provision for retirement benefits	14.3	6,849,569	7,041,910
	Finance cost	25	52,105,497	52,457,688
	Operating loss before working capital changes		(17,600,427)	(123,041,143)
	Changes in :			
	Stores and spare parts		54,433	781,780
	Trade debts		(4,571,624)	49,229,366
	Advances, prepayments and other receivables		242,946	(2,000,341)
	Long term deposit		(120,000)	(209,764)
	Trade and other payables		23,246,563	50,195,279
			18,852,318	97,996,320
	Cash used in generated from operations		1,251,891	(25,044,823)

30 Transactions with related parties

Related parties comprises of associated companies, directors, key management personnel and other companies where directors have control. Balances and transactions with related parties other than those disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements are as follows:

						20		19
Name of parties	% of shareholding	Nature of relationship	Nature of transactions	Note	Transactions during the year	Closing balance	Transactions during the year	Closing balance
						Ruj	pees	
First Capital Securities Corporation Limited	25.31%	Other related party	Sale of services Advance received against advertisement		570,700	-	59,800 800,000	-
			Receivable against advertisement Advance against advertisement		-	171,600 -	-	399,100
Pace Pakistan Limited	0%	Other related party	Sale of services Rent expense		49,400 15,562,440	-	59,800 14,147,676	-
			Payments made during the year - net Payable against purchase of services		5,451,642	- 18,601,195	6,197,479	7,890,397
Pace Barka Properties Limited	0%	Other related party	Building rent Sale of services		-	-	-	-
First Capital Investments Limited	0%	Other related party	Advance against advertisement		-	870,180	-	870,180
World Press (Private) Limited	0%	Other related party	Sale of services Funds received during the year - net Payable at the year end		-	- - 9,924,614	4,765,000	- - 9,924,614
First Capital Equities Limited	8.01%	Other related party	Sale of services Receivable against advertisement Payable against printing services		457,600 - -	- 949,424 -	196,300 - -	491,824
Pace Super Mall	0%	Other related party	Receivable against advertisement		-	-	-	500
WTL Services (Private) Limited	0%	Other related party	Interest on Ioan Markup payable Loan payable		39,828,300 - -	- 127,663,642 264,614,697	33,788,136 - -	87,835,342 264,756,697
Shehryar Ali Taseer	0.0003%	Key management personnel (Chief Executive director)	Remuneration Remuneration payable	30.1	13,000,000	33,970,711	13,000,000	26,209,242
Shehrbano Taseer	0.0003%	Key management personnel (Executive director)	Remuneration Remuneration payable	30.1	6,500,000	- 30,313,391	6,500,000	23,813,391
Key Management Personnel	0%	Key Management Personnel	Remuneration Remuneration payable	30.1	19,898,671 -	- 12,743,190	16,261,839	- 2,621,844

30.1 Key management personnel are those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the entity. The Company considers all members of their management team, including the Chief Financial Officer, Chief Executive Officer, Directors, Company Secretary and Head of Departments to be its key management personnel.

31 Remuneration of Chief Executive, Directors and Executives

The aggregate amounts charged in the financial statements for the year for remuneration, including all benefits to the chief executive officer, directors and executives of the Company are as follows:

		Direc	tors			
	Chief Execut	cutive Officer Executive Director		Execut	tives	
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019
	Rupees					
Managerial remuneration	8,000,400	8,000,400	4,000,200	4,000,200	11,943,933	9,664,796
Housing allowance	3,200,400	3,200,400	1,600,200	1,600,200	4,777,932	2,995,982
Utilities	799,200	799,200	399,600	399,600	1,193,139	748,153
Provision for gratuity	1,000,000	1,000,000	500,000	500,000	1,086,667	2,089,588
Reimbursable expenses	-	-	-	-	897,000	763,320
	13,000,000	13,000,000	6,500,000	6,500,000	19,898,671	16,261,839
Number of persons	1	1	1	1	7	5

31.1 The Company has also provided executives with company maintained cars. No fees were paid to any director for attending board and audit committee meetings. No remuneration is being paid to any non-executive directors.

31.2 On June 29, 2020, executive director other than chief executive officer ceased to be a director.

32 Segment reporting

32.1 Reportable segments

The Company has the following two strategic divisions, which are its reportable segments. These divisions offer different products and services and are managed separately because they require different technology and marketing strategies.

The following summary describes the operations of each reportable segment.

Reportable segments	Operation
Print media	It comprises of "Daily Times" and "AajKal" being the Daily English and Urdu newspapers respectively printed from Lahore, Karachi and Islamabad.
Electronic media	It comprises of "Business Plus" business news channel with cable penetration over metro cities and "Zaiqa" 24 hours dedicated food and culture channel of Pakistan.

The management reviews internal management reports of each division.

32.2 Information about reportable segments

Information related to each reportable segment is set out below. Segment operating profit or loss as included in internal management reports reviewed by the Company's top management is used to measure performance because management believes that such information is the most relevant in evaluating the result of the respective segments relative to other entities that operate in the same industries.

	Print media	Electronic media	Total
For the year ended 30 June 2020		Rupees	
Turnover - net	156,452,269	-	156,452,269
Cost of production	(119,453,302)	(19,029,040)	(138,482,342)
Gross loss	36,998,967	(19,029,040)	17,969,927
Administrative expenses	(82,727,077)	(1,141,421)	(83,868,498)
Expected credit loss on financial assets	(12,992,766)	-	(12,992,766)
Other expenses	(486,039)	-	(486,039)
	(59,206,915)	(20,170,461)	(79,377,376)
Finance cost			(52,105,497)
Other income			23,864,130
Loss before taxation		-	(107,618,743)
Taxation			(2,400,309)
Loss after taxation		_	(110,019,052)

	Print media	Electronic media Rupees	Total
For the year ended 30 June 2019		1	
Turnover - net	175,827,048	1,338,779	177,165,827
Cost of production	(160,338,693)	(33,350,335)	(193,689,028)
Gross profit / (loss)	15,488,355	(32,011,556)	(16,523,201)
Administrative expenses	(124,581,412)	(8,959,127)	(133,540,539)
Expected credit loss on financial assets	(26,579,365)	(14,433,579)	(41,012,944)
Other expenses	(5,778,484)	(7,832,084)	(13,610,568)
	(141,450,906)	(63,236,346)	(204,687,252)
Finance cost			(52,457,688)
Other income			13,456,727
Loss before taxation		-	(243,688,213)
Taxation			(817,911)
Loss after taxation		-	(244,506,124)

32.2.1 The revenue reported above represents revenue generated from external customers. All the segment operating activities, revenue, customers and segment assets are located in Pakistan.

32.2.2 Revenue from major products and services

The analysis of the Company's revenue from external customers for major products and services is given in note 21 to these financial statements.

32.2.3 Revenue from major customers

Revenue from major customers of Print media segment amounts to Rs.79.98 million out of total print media segment revenue.

- **32.3** The accounting policies of the reportable segments are the same as the Company's accounting policies described in note 4 to these financial statements.
- 32.4 All non-current assets of the Company at 30 June 2020 are located and operating in Pakistan.

32.5 Segment assets and liabilities

Reportable segment's assets and liabilities are reconciled to total assets and liabilities as follows:

	Print media	Electronic media	Total
As at 30 June 2020			
Segment assets for reportable segments	256,098,179	20,540,326	276,638,505
Unallocated corporate assets			5,254,216
Total assets as per balance sheet			281,892,721
Segment liabilities	353,342,599	116,412,765	469,755,364
Unallocated segment liabilities			656,968,993
Total liabilities as per balance sheet			1,126,724,357
As at 30 June 2019			
Segment assets for reportable segments	281,874,640	37,224,213	319,098,853
Unallocated corporate assets			7,093,265
Total assets as per balance sheet			326,192,118
Segment liabilities	327,513,603	128,483,012	455,996,615
Unallocated corporate liabilities			611,796,005
Total liabilities as per balance sheet			1,067,792,620

32.6 For the purposes of monitoring segment performance and allocating resources between segments:

- all assets are allocated to reportable segments other than advance income tax; and
- all liabilities are allocated to reportable segments other than long term finance, deferred liability, gratuity due but not paid, liabilities against assets subject to finance lease, short term borrowings and accrued markup are not allocated to reporting segments as these are managed by the Company.

32.7 Other segment information

	Print media	Electronic media	Total
For the year ended 30 June 2020		Rupees	
Capital expenditure	320,000	<u> </u>	320,000
Depreciation, amortization	31,494,767	16,855,063	48,349,830
Non-cash items other than depreciation, amortization and finance cost	6,621,108	(17,058,119)	(10,437,011)
For the year ended 30 June 2019			
Capital expenditure	756,783		756,783
Depreciation and amortization	33,035,184	22,501,224	55,536,408
Non-cash items other than depreciation amortization and finance cost	12,270,394	382,580	12,652,974

33 Financial instruments

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks:

- Credit risk
- Liquidity risk
- Market risk

The Company's overall risk management policy focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on the Company's financial performance.

33.1 Risk management framework

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for establishment and over-sight of the Company's risk management framework. The audit committee is responsible for developing and monitoring the Company's risk management policies. The committee regularly meets and any changes and compliance issues are reported to the Board of Directors.

Risk management systems are reviewed regularly by the audit committee to reflect changes in market conditions and the Company's activities. The Company, through its training and management standards and procedures, aims to develop a disciplined and constructive control environment in which all employees understand their roles and responsibilities.

The audit committee oversees compliance by management with the Company's risk management policies and procedures, and reviews the adequacy of the risk management framework in relation to the risks faced by the Company.

33.2 Credit risk

Credit risk represents the financial loss that would be recognized at the reporting date if counter-parties failed completely to perform as contracted. The Company does not have significant exposure to any individual counterparty. To manage credit risk the financial viability of all counterparties is regularly monitored and assessed. Outstanding customer receivables are regularly monitored.

33.2.1 Exposure to credit risk

The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the balance sheet date was:

		2020	2019
	Note	Rupees	Rupees
Long term deposits		6,868,807	6,748,807
Trade debts	8	45,546,646	40,975,021
Other receivables	9	1,495,035	1,737,981
Bank balances	10	3,468,268	586,783
	-	57,378,756	50,048,592

33.2.2 Concentration of credit risk

The Company identifies concentrations of credit risk by reference to type of counter party. Maximum exposure to credit risk by type of counterparty is as follows:

	Note	2020 Rupees	2019 Rupees
Customers	8	45,546,646	40,975,021
Banking companies and financial institutions	10	3,468,268	586,783
Others		8,363,842	8,486,788
		57,378,756	50,048,592

33.2.3 Credit quality and impairment of financial assets

Credit quality of financial assets is assessed by reference to external credit ratings, where available, or to historical information about counterparty default rates. All counterparties, with the exception of customers and utility Companies, have external credit ratings determined by various credit rating agencies. Credit quality of customers is assessed by reference to historical defaults rates and present ages.

a) Long term deposits

Long term deposits represent mainly deposit with Pak Sat International (Private) Limited. The management believes that no impairment allowance is necessary in respect of these long term deposits.

b) Trade debts

These include customers which are counter parties to trade debts. The Company recognises ECL for trade debts using the simplified approach as explained in note 4.8. The analysis of ages of trade debts and loss allowance using the aforementioned approach as at 30 June 2020 (on adoption of IFRS 9) was determined as follows:

	202	20	2019	
	Gross carrying amount	Loss Allowance	Gross carrying amount	Loss Allowance
	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
ast due (0 - 180 days)	44,835,386	(7,047,489)	39,923,369	(5,779,867)
Past due (180 - 360 days)	16,861,971	(9,164,076)	18,516,517	(11,684,999)
Past due more than 360 days	212,511,535	(212,450,681)	198,204,614	(198,204,614)
	274,208,892	(228,662,246)	256,644,500	(215,669,480)

Ageing of trade receivables from related parties is as follows:

	0 - 90 days	91 - 120 days	2020 121 -365 days Rupees	More than 365 days	Total
First Capital Equities Limited	-	-	457,600	491,824	949,424
First Capital Securities Corporation Limited	-	-	171,600	-	171,600
	-	-	629,200	491,824	1,121,024

c) Other receivables

This mainly represents represents receivables from employees of the Company and these are secured against salaries payable to these employees. Based on the past experience, management of the Company is confident that these balances are recoverable.

d) Bank balances

The Company's exposure to credit risk against balances with various commercial banks is as follows:

	2020	2019
Cash at bank	Rupees	Rupees
Local currency		
- Current accounts	253,072	15,710
Markup based deposits with conventional banks		
- Deposit and saving accounts	3,162,446	520,319
	3,415,518	536,029
Foreign currency - current account	52,750	50,754
	3,468,268	586,783

The credit quality of Company's bank balances can be assessed with reference to external credit rating agencies as follows:

Banks	Ra	Rating		2020	2019
	Short term	Long term	 Rating agency 	Rupees	Rupees
Faysal Bank Limited	A 1 +	AA	PACRA	1,393,145	494,080
Habib Metropolitan Bank Ltd.	A 1 +	AA+	PACRA	7,114	6,592
Bank Alfalah Limited	A 1 +	AA+	PACRA	68,642	55,579
Allied Bank Limited	A 1 +	AAA	PACRA	1,999,367	30,532
			-	3,468,268	586,783

Due to the Company's long standing business relationships with these counterparties and after giving due consideration to their strong financial standing, management does not expect non performance by these counter parties on their obligations to the Company. Accordingly, the credit risk is minimal.

33.3 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure as far as possible to always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due. The Company is materially exposed to liquidity risk, as due to insufficient liquidity, the Company was unable to repay the loans and lease obligations to its lenders. As explained in note 2, the Company's ability to continue as going concern is substantially dependent on its ability to successfully manage the liquidity risk.

The following are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities as on 30 June 2020:

		Carrying amount	Contracted cash flow	Up to one year or less	One to two years	More than two years
	Note			Rupees		
Financial liabilities						
Long term finance	13	264,614,697	305,338,899	27,149,468	278,189,431	-
Trade and other payables	15	442,770,302	442,770,302	442,770,302	-	-
Accrued mark-up	17	217,576,898	217,576,898	217,576,898	-	-
Short term borrowing	18	48,000,000	48,000,000	48,000,000	-	-
Liabilities against assets subject						
to finance lease	19	26,235,463	26,235,463	26,235,463	-	-
		999,197,360	1,039,921,562	761,732,131	278,189,431	-

The following are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities as on 30 June 2019:

		Carrying amount	Contracted cash flow	Up to one year or less	One to two years	More than two years
Financial liabilities	Note			Rupees		
Long term finance	13	264,756,697	370,460,808	42,281,645	42,281,645	285,897,518
Trade and other payables	15	431,557,496	431,557,496	431,557,496	-	-
Accrued mark-up	17	168,589,173	168,589,173	168,589,173	-	-
Short term borrowings	18	48,000,000	48,000,000	48,000,000	-	-
Liabilities against assets subject					-	-
to finance lease	19	23,575,509	23,575,509	23,575,509	-	-
		936,478,875	1,042,182,986	714,003,823	42,281,645	285,897,518

It is not expected that the cash flows included in the maturity analysis could occur significantly earlier, or at significantly different amount.

33.4 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises of currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk.

33.4.1 Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. It arises mainly where receivables and payables exist due to transactions entered in foreign currency. The Company is exposed to foreign currency's assets and liabilities risk at year end.

Exposure to currency risk

The summary quantitative data about the Company's exposure to currency risk as reported to the management of the Company is as follows. The figures represent foreign currency balances after conversion in Pak Rupees using exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date.

Asset	2020 Rupees	2019 Rupees
Cash at bank	52,750	50,754
Net balance sheet exposure	52,750	50,754

The following significant exchange rates have been applied:

Averag	ge rate	Reporting	g date rate
2020	2019	2020	2019
205.03	181.47	207.05	203.01
164.15	140.78	168.25	160.05

Sensitivity analysis:

At reporting date, if the PKR had strengthened by 10% against the foreign currencies with all other variables held constant, profit before tax for the year would have been higher / (lower) by the amount shown below. The analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular interest rates, remain constant and ignores any impact of forecast sales and purchases.

Effect on profit and loss	2020 Rupees	2019 Rupees
GBP/USD	(5,275)	(5,075)

The weakening of the PKR against foreign currencies would have had an equal but opposite impact on the profit.

Currency risk management

Since the maximum amount exposed to currency risk is only 0.001871% (2019: 0.0013%) of the Company's financial assets, any adverse / favorable movement in functional currency with respect to US dollar and GBP will not have any material impact on the operational results.

33.4.2 Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that fair values or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in interest rates. Sensitivity to interest rate risk arises from mismatch of financial assets and financial liabilities that mature or re-price in a given period.

The effective interest / mark-up rates for interest / mark-up bearing financial instruments are mentioned in relevant notes to the financial statements. The Company's interest / mark-up bearing financial instruments as at the reporting date are as follows:

	2020		2019	
	Financial	Financial	Financial	Financial
	assets	liabilities	assets	liabilities
	Rup	ees	Rup	ees
riable rate instruments				
lance with bank - deposit account	3,162,446	-	520,319	-
ong term finance	-	264,614,697	-	264,756,697
nort term borrowing	-	48,000,000	-	48,000,000
	3,162,446	312,614,697	520,319	312,756,697

Sensitivity analysis for fixed rate instruments

The Company does not account for any fixed rate financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit and loss account. Therefore a change in interest rates at the reporting date would not affect profit and loss account.

Sensitivity analysis for variable rate instruments

A change of 100 basis points in interest rates at the reporting date would have increased / decreased loss before tax for the year by the amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular foreign currency rates, remain constant.

	Profit or loss	before tax
	100 bps	100 bps
	Increase	Decrease
	Rupe	es
it 30 June 2020		
flow sensitivity - Variable rate financial liabilities	(3,094,523)	3,094,523
at 30 June 2019		
sh flow sensitivity - Variable rate financial liabilities	(3,122,364)	3,122,364

33.4.3 Other price risk

Price risk represents the risk that the fair value of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in the market prices (other than those arising from interest / mark-up rate risk or currency risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all or similar financial instruments. The Company is not exposed to any other price risk.

33.5 Fair values of financial instruments

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

Underlying the definition of fair value is the presumption that the Company is a going concern without any intention or requirement to curtail materially the scale of its operations or to undertake a transaction on adverse terms.

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities traded in active markets i.e. listed equity shares are based on the quoted market prices at the close of trading on the period end date. The quoted market prices used for financial assets held by the Company is current bid price.

A financial instrument is regarded as quoted in an active market if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service or regulatory agency and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis.

IFRS 13, 'Fair Value Measurements' requires the Company to classify fair value measurements using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date (level 1).
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (level 2).
- Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability (level 3).

33.5.1 Fair value measurement of financial instruments

The following table shows the carrying amounts and fair values of financial instruments and non-financial instruments including their levels in the fair value hierarchy:

		2020					
			Carrying amount			Fair value	
		Financial assets at amortized cost	Financial liabilities at amortized cost	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
On-Balance sheet financial instruments	Note	RupeesRupees					
<u>30 June 2020</u>							
Financial assets not measured at fair value							
Long term deposits		6,868,807	-	6,868,807	-	-	-
Trade debts	33.5.2	45,546,646	-	45,546,646	-	-	-
Other receivables	33.5.2	1,495,035	-	1,495,035	-	-	-
Cash and bank balances	33.5.2	3,469,448	-	3,469,448	-	-	-
		57,379,936		57,379,936	-	-	-
<u>Financial liabilities not measured at fair value</u>							
Long term finances	33.5.2	-	264,614,697	264,614,697	-	-	-
Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease	33.5.2		26,235,463	26,235,463			
Trade and other payables	33.5.2 33.5.2		442,770,302	442,770,302	-	-	-
	33.5.2 33.5.2	-	217,576,898	217,576,898	-	-	-
Accrued mark-up Short term horrowing	33.5.2 33.5.2	-	48,000,000	48,000,000	-	-	-
Short term borrowing	55.5.2		999,197,360	<u>48,000,000</u> 999,197,360	· .		
		-		777,177,500	-		-

		2019					
		Carrying amount			Fair value		
		Loans and receivables at amortized cost	Financial liabilities at amortized cost	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
On-Balance sheet financial instruments	Note			Rupe	es		
<u>30 June 2019</u>							
Financial assets not measured at fair value							
Long term deposits		6,748,807	-	6,748,807	-	-	-
Trade debts	33.5.2	40,975,021	-	40,975,021	-	-	-
Other receivables	33.5.2	1,737,981		1,737,981			
Cash and bank balances	33.5.2	588,218	-	588,218	-	-	-
		50,050,027		50,050,027	-	-	-
Financial liabilities not measured at fair valu	<u>e</u>						
Long term finances	33.5.2	-	264,756,697	264,756,697	-	-	-
Liabilities against assets	2252		00 575 500	22 575 500			
subject to finance lease	33.5.2		23,575,509	23,575,509	-	-	-
Trade and other payables	33.5.2 33.5.2	-	431,557,496	431,557,496	-	-	-
Short term borrowing	33.5.2 33.5.2	-	48,000,000	48,000,000	-	-	-
Accrued mark-up	33.3.2		<u>168,589,173</u> <u>936,478,875</u>	<u>168,589,173</u> 936,478,875		-	-
			730,470,073	930,470,073			

33.5.2 Fair value versus carrying amounts

The Company has not disclosed the fair values of these financial assets and liabilities as these are for short term or repriced over short term. Therefore, their carrying amounts are reasonable approximation of fair value.

34 Reconciliation of movements of liabilities to cash flows arising from financing activities.

	0				
		Liabilities			
	Long term finances	Short term borrowings	Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease	Total	
		Rupees			
Balance as at 01 July 2019	264,756,697	48,000,000	23,575,509	336,332,200	
Changes from financing activities					
Receipts of long term finances - net of repayments	(142,000)	-	-	(142,000	
Total changes from financing cash flows	(142,000)	-	-	(142,000	
Other changes				• (••• • -	
Additional lease rental on overdue lease liability	<u> </u>	-	2,659,954	2,659,954	
Total liability related other changes		-	2,659,954	2,659,954	
Closing as at 30 June 2020	264,614,697	48,000,000	26,235,463	338,850,16	
		Liabilities			
	Long term finances	Short term borrowings	Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease	Total	
		Rupees			
Balance as at 01 July 2018	248,587,697	48,000,000	20,915,555	317,503,252	
Changes from financing activities					
Receipts of long term finances - net of repayments	16,169,000	-		16,169,000	
Total changes from financing cash flows	16,169,000	-	-	16,169,000	
Other changes					
Additional lease rental on overdue lease liability	<u> </u>	-	2,659,954	2,659,954	
Total liability related other changes		-	2,659,954	2,659,954	
Closing as at 30 June 2019	264,756,697	48,000,000	23,575,509	336,332,20	

35 Capital risk management

The Board's policy is to maintain an efficient capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain the future development of its business. The Board of Directors monitors the return on capital employed, which the Company defines as operating income divided by total capital employed. The Board of Directors also monitors the level of dividends to ordinary shareholders.

The Company's objectives when managing capital are:

- (i) to safeguard the entity's ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders, and
- (ii) to provide an adequate return to shareholders.

The Company manages the capital structure in the context of economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, issue new shares, or sell assets to reduce debt.

Neither there were any changes in the Company's approach to capital management during the year nor the Company is subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

36 Impact of COVID-19

The spread of COVID-19 as a pandemic and consequently imposition of lock down by Federal and Provincial Governments of Pakistan (Authorities) has effected the demand of the Company's primary services. Due to this, management has assessed the accounting implications of these developments on these financial statements, however, according to management's assessment, there was significant impact on' financial performance and resultantly revenue was reduced by Rs 11 million in last quarter as compared to 1st three quarters.

37 Number of employees

The total average number of employees during the year and as at June 30, 2020 and 2019 respectively are as follows:

	2020	2019	
	No. of employees		
Average number of employees during the year	104	169	
Number of employees as at June 30	87	120	

38 The corresponding figures have been rearranged and reclassified, wherever considered necessary for the purposes of comparison and better presentation the effect of which is not material, except for the reclassification of salaries and wages in cost of sales, administrative and selling expenses;

	Rupees
Reclassification from cost of sales	(15,247,336)
Reclassification to administrative and selling expense	15,247,336

39 Date of authorization for issue

These financial statements were authorized for issue on ______ by the Board of Directors of the Company.

FORM OF PROXY

he Company Secretary ledia Times Limited nd Floor, Pace Shopping Mall ortress Stadium, Lahore Cantt ahore	Folio No./CDC A/c No.: Shares Held:		
Option 1 Appointing other person as Proxy			
I/WeCNIC hereby appoint Mr./Mrs./Ms./ or failing him / her Mr. / CNIC behalf at the Annual General meeting of the Company to be he	S/o D/o W/o being the member(s) of Media Times Limited S/o D/o W/oCNIC Mrs. MissS/o. D/o. W/o. as my/our proxy to vote for me/us and on my/our		
behaif at the Annual General meeting of the Company to be he thereof. Signed under my/our hands on thisday o			
	Affix Revenue Stamp o Rupees Five		
(Signature should agree with the specimen signature registered Signed in the presence of: Signature of Witness 1	Signature of Witness 2		
Option 2 E-voting as per the Companies (E-voting) Reg	gulations, 2016		
I/weS/o D/o W/o holder ofClassOrdinary share(s) as per Regist intermediary and hereby consent the appointment of execut exercise e-voting as per the Companies (E-voting) Regulations email address is, please send login d	ion officer as proxy and will , 2016 and hereby demand for poll for resolutions. My secured		
Signature of member (Signature should agree with the specimen signature registered	with the Company)		
Signed in the presence of:			
Signature of Witness 1	Signature of Witness 2		
<u>otes</u>			

- 1. A member eligible to attend and vote at the meeting may appoint another member as proxy to attend and vote in the meeting. Proxies in order to be effective must be received by the company at the Registered Office not later than 48 hours before the time for holding the meeting.
- In order to be valid, an instrument of proxy and the power of attorney or other authority (if any) under which it is 2. signed, or a notarially certified copy of such power of attorney, must be deposited at the Head Office of the Company 2nd and 3rd Floor, Pace Shopping Mall, Fortress Stadium, Lahore Cantt. Lahore, not less than 48 hours before the time of the meeting. Pursuant to SECP Companies (E-Voting) Regulations, 2016, Members can also exercise their right to vote through e-voting by giving their consent in writing at least 10 days before the date of the meeting to the Company on the appointment of Execution officer by the intermediary as Proxy.
 - Individual beneficial owners of CDC entitled to attend and vote at the meeting must bring his/her participant ID a) and account/sub-account number along with original CNIC or passport to authenticate his/her identity. In case of Corporate entity, resolution of the Board of Directors/Power of attorney with specimen of nominees shall be produced (unless provided earlier) at the time of meeting.
 - b) For appointing of proxies, the individual beneficial owners of CDC shall submit the proxy form as per above b) requirement along with participant ID and account/sub-account number together with attested copy of their CNIC or Passport. The proxy form shall be witnessed by two witnesses with their names, addresses and CNIC numbers. The proxy shall produce his/her original CNIC or Passport at the time of meeting. In case of Corporate entity, resolution of the Board of Directors/Power of attorney along with specimen signatures shall be submitted (unless submitted earlier) along with the proxy form.

Media Times	Limited
C	يراكسي فارم
	کمپنی سیریڑی
فوليۇنبر/CDCاكاۋنٹ نمبر:	میڈیا ٹائمزلمیٹڈ
	مرکزی دفتر ، دوسری منزل ، پیپ شا پنگ مال ،
موجود دهم:	فو رژیس سٹیڈیم ، لا ہورکینٹ ، لا ہور
	پہلی وضع پہلی وضع
	دوسر في فتحص کو پراکسی مقرر کرنا
	میں/ ہمولد/ ذوجہ/ بنت
	نمبرکےحامل میڈیاٹائمزلم
	ولد/ بنت/ ذوجه
	کواس کی نا کامی کی صورت میں بنتہ ہے ج
ٹ کرنے کے لئےا پنا/ ہمارا پراسی مقرر کرتے ہیں۔ 	سالا نہاجلاس یااس کے سی بھی وقفہ میں عام میں اپنی/ ہماری جگہ شرکت اور وو
	ﯩﺪﯨﺪ
	بناری زیر سخطی
	رکن کے دیتخط
	د کی صف کے (دستخط کمپنی میں رجسٹر ڈنمونہ دستخط کے عین مطابق ہونے چاہئیں)
	کی موجو د گی میں دیشخط کئے گئے
	ل و.ودن «ن) د نظر صح
گواہ 2 کے دستخط	گواه1 کے دیشخط
	د دسری دخت
	کمپنیز (برق دوننگ)ریگولیشز 2016 ء کے تحت برقی دوننگ
	ميں/ٻمولد/ ذوجه/
نمزلمیٹڈ کے رکن اورفولیونمبر	
نی کے ذریعے برقی ووٹنگ کرنا چاہتے ہیں اور اس لیے کمپنیز (برقی ووٹنگ) ریگولیشنز ک	
کی پراکسی کے طور پر تقرری پر رضامندی کا اظہار کرتے ہیں۔ اس لئے ہم ن پر میں کے طور پر تقرری پر رضامندی کا اظہار کرتے ہیں۔ اس لئے ہم	-
ریسې براغ مېر بانی لاگ ان کی تفصیلات ،	
	پاس درڈادر برقی د سخطاس ای میل پر بھیج دیں۔ بتاریخ
	بتارین زیرد شخطی
	ریرد کی کی موجود گی میں دینتخط کئے گئے
گواہ2کےدستخط	گواہ 1 کے دستخط
	(برائے مہر بانی پشت پرٹوٹس دیکھیں)
\bigcirc	

Media Times Limited

نوش:

- 1. سالا نہ اجلاس میں شرکت اور ووٹ کا اہل کسی دوسر سے رکن کواپنی جگہ شرکت اور ووٹ کرنے کے لئے پر اکسی مقرر کر سکتا ہے۔ توثیق کی غرض سے اجلاس کے انعقاد سے 48 گھٹٹے پہلے پر اکسیز کمپنی کے رجسٹرڈ آفس میں پینچ جانی چاہئیں۔
- 2. جائز ہونے کی غرض ہے، پرانسی کا دستاویز اور مختار نامہ یا اتھارٹی (اگر کوئی ہے) جسے کے ماتحت اس پر دستخط کئے گئے ہیں، یا ایسے مختار نامہ کی نوٹری سے تصدیق شدہ نقل اجلاس کے انعقاد سے 48 گھٹے پہلے کمپنی کے مرکز ی دفتر واقع دوسری اور تیسری منزل، پیش شا پنگ مال،فورٹر ایس سٹیڈیم، لا ہور کینٹ، لا ہور میں پنچ جانی چاہئیں۔
- a) CDC کے واحد مینی میشیکل مالک جواجلاس میں شرکت اور ووٹ کرنے کے اہل ہیں ، اپنی شراکت کی شاخت ، اکاؤنٹ اور ذیلی اکاؤنٹ نمبر بمع اصلی CNIC یا پاسپورٹ دکھا کر اپنی شاخت کروائیں گے۔کاروباری ادارہ ہونے کی صورت میں بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز کی قرار داد/مختار نامہ بمع نامز دگان نے نمونہ کے دشخط (اگریقبل ازیں فراہم نہ کیا گیا ہے)اجلاس کے انعقاد کے وقت پیش کرنا ہوں گے۔
- b) پراکسی کے تقرر کے لئے CDC کے انفرادی بینی فیشل مالکان شراکت کے آئی ڈی، اکاؤنٹ/ذیلی اکاؤنٹ نمبر بمع CNIC یا پاسپورٹ کی مصدقہ نقول کے مندرجہ بالا ضروریات کے مطابق پراکسی فارم جمع کرائیں گے۔ دو گواہان اپنے نام، پتااور CNIC نمبر کے ہمراہ پراکسی فارم کی توثیق کریں گے۔اجلاس کے انعقاد کے وفت پراکسی اپنا اصلی CNIC یا پاسپورٹ پیش کریں گے۔کاروباری ادارہ کی صورت میں، بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز/پاورآف اٹارنی بہم خمونہ کے دستخط پراکسی فارم کے ہمراہ جمع کرانے ہول گے۔